Historical Society

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. XIX No. 19—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 9th, 1920.

DOXSEE & CO.

Important Easter Exhibit of

NEW SPRING MILLINERY

We have always specialized in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats, so it is only natural that women find our selection a little smarter and better than elsewhere. Get your Easter Hat here.

Blouses—Georgette Crepe shades, black, navy blue, flesh and maise; sizes up to 44.

Easter Neckwear in lace collars and sets with linen in white and ecrue, a very pretty collar and vest combined in lace an organdy.

Corsets—See them before buying.

The Leading Millinery House

1869—600 BRANCHES—1919

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

THE BANK FOLLOWS A LIBERAL POLICY IN EXTENDING CREDIT TO FARMERS

If you are going to need a loan to buy seed or live stock, see the Manager of the nearest branch of the Royal Bank early about your requirements.

This is an invitation to call at the Royal Bank the next time you are in town.

CAPITAL AND RESERVE $35,000,000

TOTAL RESOURCES $470,000,000

The Royal Bank of Canada has now received all Bonds of the 1919 Victory Loan. Subscribers are asked to kindly present their subscription receipts and obtain their bonds at once.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

SAVING.—The foundation of almost every successful business venture is built on **Savings.**

The Standard Bank of Canada can be of great assistance in helping you to develop your business.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH

R. R. WHITE - - MANAGER

BRANCHES ALSO AT: BELLEVILLE, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, DESERONTO, MARYSVILLE, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON.

Paint Up! Clean Up!

This is the season for a general clean up, and we are fully prepared to handle your orders for

PAINT

outside, inside, floor or barn paint.

VARNISHES

or

ALABASTINE

MURESCO FOR YOUR WALLS

Garden Tools, Seeds, General Hardware.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

Sap Buckets and Spiles now in stock at **Wilson's Hardware Store**

No spoiled films if our Toronto expert does your developing and printing. Prices have not advanced. Work done promptly. Terms, cash with order; mail order add postage. WALLACE'S, agents for Kodaks.

The Napanee Branch

Great War Veterans' Association

Meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month.

Clubrooms situated in Harshaw Block, Dundas St.

LOOK HERE!

Car Best Corn

Car Best Oats

Ground and Mixed $3.25 per 100.

Bran, Shorts, and best Flour at close prices. Frost wire fencing and gates always on hand. All kinds farm seeds. See me before selling your hay, straw and grain.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

PUBLIC NOTICE

All merchants' banking accounts against the Corporation are requested to render them monthly, so they may be ready for consideration by the council on its first regular meeting in each month, namely the first Monday.

W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

NOTICE RE STREETS

Many persons have the habit of raking and cleaning their yards of leaves and other rubbish and dumping the material on the streets opposite their residences. This is contrary to the by-law of the town, and the practice must be stopped.

You are requested to lend your assistance to the Streets Committee to keep the highways clean.

By Order. W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

19-a

Colorite will make your last year's straw hat look like new. It comes in 16 beautiful colors, with a brush for putting on—sold at WALLACE'S, sole agents for Napanee.

MILLHAVEN

William Wemp, who has been visiting friends here, has returned to his home in Louisiana. It was a great surprise when he arrived and all were glad to see him. It is twenty-two years since his last visit.

The farmers are geting their summer wood sawed.

Mr. and Mrs. John Clement have returned home after spending the winter with their daughter.

Mrs. Charles Forward attended the funeral of Heny Forward, of Belleville.

Miss Greta Milligan, of Kingston, is visiting at Oscar Amey's.

DENBIGH

Our public roads are still very muddy and travelling on them is not very pleasant.

Nearly all the farmers who have good maple bushes are now very busy with what help they have to produce all the maple sugar and syrup that can and the report some very good runs of sap.

Some more real estate in this vicinity has changed owners or occupants. Mr. Jas. W. Jackson, of Vennachar has bought from Mrs. G. Pennock the 300 acre farm known as the Robert Connor farm and Andrew Ready has rent ed the E. H. Crankshaw homestead for a number of years. Both have taken possession of their newly acquired estates.

Eugene Mirsky, who for a number of years has been employed in farming near Caldwell Station, has arrived home to work for himself and taken possession of the farm he lately bought from Robert Stein.

Denbigh is, however, again loosing some of its native citizens at least temporarily. Norris Ready and Albert Wieneke left for Webb, Sask., where they intend to engage in farming.

Our popular cheesemaker of last season, Mr. Gilmore, Mrs. G. and her brother, Mr. Carl Wieneke, have removed to Ardoch, where he is engaged to make cheese this season.

Mr. William Holmes, assessor of this Municipality has been on his rounds lately and expects to finish his work in a few more days

Mr. Edward W. Petzold, who was some time ago appointed an issuer of Marriage Licenses has received notice of his appointment as a justice of the Peace for this county.

Daly's good tea for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

APPLICATION OF PARLIAMENT

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Amherst Island to the legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario at the ensuing sittings thereof for an Act ratifying and confirming an agreement between the said Municipal Corporation and the Kingston & Navigation Company Limited, providing for the payment by the said Municipal Corporation to the said Navigation Company of the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars by way of loan in consideration of the establishment by the Navigation Company of a certain steamer service between the said Township of Amherst Island and the City of Kingston, Ontario, said loan to be secured by mortgage upon the steamer in question and to be repaid with interest in five annual installments.

Notice is also given of application that the said Act authorize the said Corporation to raise the said sum of Ten Thousand Dollars by the issue of debentures and further notice is given that the said Corporation has no existing debenture debt.

KING & SMYTHE.

Solicitors for the Applicants.

Dated at Kingston, this 3rd day of February, A.D., 1920.

SELBY

The Robbin Damatic Club will give their excellent play "Among the Breakers," for St. John's Church, in the town hall, Selby, on Thursday evening, 15th inst. Those who heard the play in Bobllin report it is among the best ever given in this locality. Every one come. Admission 35c.

TAMWORTH

Miss Eliza Coulter is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wrigley.

Mrs. Airhart and daughter, and Mr. Dale Donevan visited friends in Newburgh on Sunday last.

Rumor says a wedding soon.

Mrs. Jones and son, Sandy, and Mrs. Floyd and daughter spent Easter in Kingston visiting friends.

John Hunter has opened up a garage at the old school house.

The concert held in the town hall on Monday night last was largely attended, with a good programme.

The Secretary of the Forward Movement was in town on Wednesday and called on some of our clergymen.

The athletic grounds are up for sale.

Mrs. Lockridge has sold her house and lot to Alex. Hannah. Mrs. Lockridge will move up in the house now occupied by Mr. Tucker.

For potted plants go to H. W. Kely's. He has a new lot in for Easter. At Kely's grocery.

CORA ESTELLA DENISON

On Saturday, March 27th Cora Estella Denison, beloved wife of James R. Denison passed away after a lingering illness of pernitious anaemia. All that medical science and tender loving care could do proved unavailing, gradually the body weakened and death came as a happy release. The funeral was held in the Methodist church, Selby, on Monday afternoon and many gathered to pay their respects. Rev. E. Farnsworth preached a very appropriate sermon from the text "Shall I hide from these ? and whence shall come ?" These are they which came up out of great tribulation and have washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb. The choir sang "Some day" and "Some day I shall understand" the solo part being rendered by Mrs. A. C. Wright. The Woman's Missionary Society which Mrs. Denison was a member and President for Easter at the Methodist church, Selby, on Sunday last placed a beautiful wreath on the casket as a token of sympathy. Deceased leaves behind an aged father, Mr. Ibri Sills, Richmond, one brother, a daughter, two sons and a sorrowing husband. Her elder son, William I, passed through the last battles of the war and was with the C. E. F. in their triumphal march across the Rhine. The sympathy of the community is extended to the family in their bereavement of wife and mother who was ever zealous for the welfare of her children.

EDMUND B. SWITZER

An outstanding figure of the community in which he spent his life, has passed in the person of Edmund Burke Switzer, who died at his residence, Camden East, on April 1st, after a brief illness. Mr. Switzer was born at Switzerville on June 24th, 1843, and during the most of his life lived on the farm in the neighborhood. Converted at an early age, at the old Ebenezer Camp Grounds, Mr. Switzer was during the rest of his life a zealous member of the Methodist church. He was one of the most active workers in that church at Switzerville from the outset, receiving recognition as one of its ablest and most energetic members. In politics Mr. Switzer was a Liberal, but when the Patron movement started amongst the farmers of Ontario during the early '90's, he joined the order believing that the principles advocated by the Patron party were in the best interests of the Province and of the Dominion at large. From the moment Switzer joined the new movement he stepped at once to the forefront as one of its ablest advocates. Mr. Switzer was one of the best platform speakers the riding of Lennox and Adington produced, and when the Patron party decided to contest the riding in the Dominion elections of 1896, he was at once recognized as the logical choice of the party. The entry of a third candidate in the field destroyed Mr. Switzer's chances of success, and at the same time deprived the riding of the services of a representative of undoubted ability. Mr. Switzer married on June 26th, 1873, to Miss Martha McKim, daughter of the late John McKim, of Selby, Ont.

A few years ago Mr. Switzer sold his farm and removed to the village of Camden East, where he continued to reside to the time of his death. He will be greatly missed in the village and in the church, of which he was so devoted a member. He is survived by his widow, and two children, a son, Mr. Walter Switzer, of Sydenham, and a daughter, Mrs. John Bell, of Morven. The family have the sincere sympathy of a large circle of relatives and friends in their bereavement.

Royal Purple Calf Meal is unexcelled. Get it at

Wilson's Hardware Store

The Napanee Musical and Literary Club

will present

GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S OPERA

"THE MIKADO"

under the direction of

MR. U. F. TELGMANN, of Kingston

In the Armouries, Napanee

On Monday and Tuesday Evenings

April 12th and 13th

Splendid Choruses. Excellent Orchestra

Reserved Seats, 75c. & $1. Rush Seats, 50c.

Plan open Saturday at Hooper's Drug Store.

Telephone and Mail Orders may be sent to Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

AT THE ARMOURIES

Monday and Tuesday Evenings.

The Mikado of Japan decreed that any man found guilty of flirting should be beheaded. The frightened people chose Ko-Ko as Lord High Executioner, because as Ko-Ko was himself under sentence of death he could not cut off another's head until he'd cut his own off. Nanki Poo, the son of the Mikado, had fled from the Court disguised as a wandering minstrel, because he had had the misfortune to captivate Katisha, an ill-favored lady of the Court, and the Mikado insisted on his marrying her. He fell in love with Yum-Yum, but Ko-Ko, Yum-Yum's guardian, who wished her for himself, would not consent to their marriage. Nanki Poo vowed he would commit suicide rather than live without Yum-Yum. About this time Ko-Ko received word from the Mikado threatening him with vengeance if he did not execute somebody within a month. Ko-Ko implored Nanki Poo to be beheaded, pointing out that as he was resolved to die the manner of his going would not much matter, and Nanki Poo agreed, on condition that he might marry Yum-Yum for the month—then, when she became a widow, Ko-Ko could marry her. Katisha found Nanki Poo, and when he repulsed her, she went in a rage to the Mikado. The Mikado came, and when he asked Ko-Ko if there had been any executions lately, Ko-Ko swore that he had beheaded a minstrel, Nanki Poo. To the horror of Ko-Ko and his companions, the Mikado told them that Nanki Poo was the heir-apparent, and sentenced them to be executed. The despairing Ko-Ko sought Nanki Poo, who told him that if Katisha got a husband, she would be satisfied, and he, Nanki Poo, could reveal himself to his father. To save his neck Ko-Ko proposed to Katisha, who snapped him up eagerly, believing that her dear Nanki Poo was dead. All ends happily, and the closing chorus is of congratulations to Yum Yum and Nanki Poo on their weding day.

Muresco and Alabastine in all the popular shades, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

YARKER

Fenwick Connolly arose early [illegible] morning [illegible] William [illegible] on the top step, and he [illegible] down stairs, breaking three ribs and straining his back.

Frank Deare got up very early Sunday morning to look at the railroad track. Coming downstairs he noticed that things were disarranged, the window sash open, burnt matches around the floor, the writing desk and drawers open in the office. The burglar had been at work the store door. A one dollar bill and some matches were missing.

From here the burglars went to the residence of W. J. Warner. Here they were more fortunate. Entering by way of the kitchen window, they first took the precaution to open all the doors leading to the outside. The drawers were all ransacked, and coming through the hall all pockets were gone through, and even the purse of Mrs. Warner's, containing twenty-five dollars. Going up-stairs they entered the room of J. B. Babcock, a farmer, taking his flashlight, then going into Mr. Warner's room they picked up Mr. Warner's pants containing one hundred dollars in bills in the pocket. Mr. Warner awoke and saw the burglar going out the window, but with his pants. The pants were found thrown away on the road leading to Gadebrook. It is thought the burglars went in an auto, but there is no trace of them up to the present time.

ODESSA

Among the Easter visitors were Mr. and Mrs. Carleton Dougherty, Kingston, with Mr. and Mrs. Buck Dougherty; Mr. and Mrs. Buck, Sydenham, with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Vrooman; John Barley, Toronto, with his aunt, Mrs. Henry Burley; Fred Sproule, Toronto, with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Sproule; Mr. and Mrs. J. Frink and children, Kingston, with Mr. and Mrs. William Frink; Miss Florence Clyde, of Kingston, with her mother, Mrs. T. Clyde; Ross Asselstine, Toronto, spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Asselstine last week.

Miss McKenzie left last Saturday to spend her vacation at her home in Stratford.

Miss Warren with her parents in Carleton Place, and Miss Geoggery at her home in Verona.

Mrs. John Mancur left last Saturday to visit her brother, Dyram Bedford, Stones' Corners.

Alfred Babcock left Monday to visit relatives at Yarker.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Shane spent last Sunday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Shane, Newburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno Lawlor left last week for their new home near Napanee.

E. M. Gordon returned last Sunday from Chicago where he has spent the past three months, attending the School of Chiropractics from which he graduated.

Wesley Dawson has moved to his son's farm from Napanee.

The annual Easter ball, Monday night, considering the disagreeable weather, was well attended. The music was furnished by the Lawlor Bros., assisted by Ross Parks and Mrs. Parks. There were about fifty couples present.

WALLACE'S are special agents in Napanee for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and all his other remedies.

Don't Trust to Luck—

When ordering Tea, but insist on getting the reliable

"SALADA"

The Tea That Never Disappoints

Black, Green or Mixed — Sealed Packets Only.

Farmers' Sales Notes

This Bank attends to the collection of Sales Notes. Business entrusted to us will receive our careful and prompt attention.

Do not fail to consult us. Our years of experience, and the many services we are able to render, are cheerfully offered for your assistance.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

G. P. CARR, - - - - - Manager

The Young Man's Best Recommendation

A Savings Account is more than a start towards financial independence—it is a mark of character.

One of the strongest recommendations in the world of business that a young man can present, is a Merchants Bank Pass-Book, showing a record of consistent savings.

A Savings Account may be opened with $1.00, which shows how highly we regard the accounts of those who desire to save.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1864.

Head Office: Montreal.

Napanee Branch, - - - E. R. Checkley, Manager

Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, - - J. W. McClymont, Manager

Tamworth Branch, - - - S. D. Whaley, Manager

FOR SALE—Yellow Danver Onion Seed, tested. Apply to GAR. [illegible] Phone 44 r 2. 19-a

No. 44, Phone 44 r 2. 19-b

ROOM TO LET—A room in the Harshaw block, on the second floor, about 20 x 24 feet. Would make a good room suitable for a society with small membership. Apply to JOHN HAMBLY. 19-tf

TO RENT—Store in the Blewett block, next door to the Dominion Bank. Immediate possession. Also small house to rent. Apply to Miss BLEWETT, over the Dominion Bank, John street, Napanee. 14-e-tf

FOR SALE—Commodious frame house, and large lot, on Isabella St., electric lighted, first-class well, good garden, etc. Also a Fonolzinian square piano, rose wood case. Apply to O. R. LAIDLEY, Albion St., Belleville; or Percy Laidley, Hydro-Electric, Napanee. 17-tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Mary Ann Phippen, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Mary Ann Phippen, late of the Township of Frederick-sburgh, in the County of Lennox and Adington, deceased, who died on or about the 25th day of January, A. D., 1920, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, solicitors for the executors of the last will and testament of the said Mary Ann Phippen, deceased, on or before the 10th day of May, A.D., 1920, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 10th day of May, A.D. 1920, the said executors may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Herrington, Warner & Grange,

Solicitors for the said Executors.

Dated this 1st day of April, 1920.

18-d

Flint Pebbles.

The flint pebble industry gives employment to many women and children along the French coast between Havre and Dieppe. The pebbles collected in and near Havre are selected for their spherical shape, and are used for pulverizing in certain industries, particularly in the manufacture of cement and in copper mines, being employed in the interior of large cylinders.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN,

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. WHEELER, Queen's Hotel. 19

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. W. J. Boller. 19

LOST—In or near Centreville, gent's gold ring initialed "F. W. H." will finder kindly notify F. W. Barrett, Napanee.

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

FOR SALE—Black Walnut Uxbridge Organ, in first-class condition. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas St., Napanee.

FOR SALE—A small house, north side of Dundas street, second house east of Adelphi street. Apply to T. B. GERMAN, Napanee, Ont.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Large comfortable brick house, all modern conveniences, on John street, one block south of Post Office. Apply to MRS. J. M. PARROTT, Napanee; or FRED PARROTT, R. R. 4, Bellville.

Lennox & Addington Motor Club

ANNUAL MEETING

Council Chamber, Napanee

THURSDAY, APRIL 15th, 1920

at 7.30 p.m.

BUSINESS—Election of Officers, and other special business.

All members, and all who would like to join, are requested to attend.

C. A. WISEMAN, President.

19-a

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE

Notice is hereby given that **Joseph Henry Forbes** of the township of Kaladar, Anglesea & Effingham in the County of Lenox & Addington, in the Province of Ontario, returned soldier, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for a bill of divorce from his wife, Bessie Forbes, whose last known address was Newport News, in the State of Virginia in the United States of America, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Napanee, Province of Ontario, February 18th, 1920.

U. M. WILSON, Solicitor for applicant

12-3m

Milk cans and dairy pails at DAVY & ALLISON'S Hardware Store.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD, EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which an admission fee or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion. If in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge at 10 Spruce St. London, of whom advice grafis will be given, if required.

W. G. WILSON,

BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc

P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 68.

OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

Offices—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

H. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, Napanee

A. RADICAL, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Bother Streets, Napanee. 62y

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS

'Phone 208

The Candy Store.

A Strange Romance.

Twenty-one years ago Israel Gallpeau left Hull to seek his fortune in the wilds of Michigan. A few years after he left his wife learned that he had been dangerously injured and subsequently died. During the last two decades she had been mourning his loss and was supporting herself by conducting a boarding house in Hull. But Gallpeau had not lost his memory for many years, is not dead, and has been re-united with his wife. It appears that he had received a blow on the head that blotted out his past, and it was not until he was confronted with old incidents that his memory returned.

Mrs. Gallpeau found her husband under most remarkable conditions. Some time ago she was struck by an automobile owned by Charles Bellemare, of Hull, and she started an action for damages against the autoist. It appears that she sustained severe internal and external injuries and asked for $2,160. As there had been no legal proof of Gallpeau's death, the action was considered on those grounds. Mr. J. A. Parent, K.C., who appeared for Mr. Gallpeau, decided to make a search for the records in Michigan in the hope of getting proof of the death.

Gallpeau, it appears, settled near Gladstone, Michigan, and the assistance of the sheriff at that place was sought. Old musty records failed to bring to light information desired, and then a combing of the lumber industries in the state commenced. The result was that Gallpeau was found and eventually came to Hull and was identified by the interested parties.

He was apprised of the fact that Mrs. Wife's action for damages was held up because his permission had not been given. Gallpeau gave assent to the suit and returned to Gladstone to settle up some business. It is understood that he will take his wife to Michigan.

The Makers of Mischief.

In a recent issue Collier's Weekly states that many communications have reached it from all parts indicating growing bad feeling among many Canadians toward the United States. Perhaps some of these letters are written by persons who are nettled by the claim that the United States won the war all off its own bat—by the injection of politics, trade on Canadian money; or by the talk in the Senate at Washington against admitting Canada to a place in the League of Nations, although no objection is made to the admission of Cuba, Panama, Haiti, and San Domingo. Perhaps Canada expected a very different attitude from her great neighbor after the war, and some persons may have written letters expressing their feelings recklessly, but too well.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DANISH CRISIS ENDED

Socialists Have Called Off General Strike.

Serious Demonstrations Were Made in the Centres of Population, and King Christian Promptly Called Warring Parties Together In Conference—Unpopular Premier Resigned, and Elections Will Be Held.

COPENHAGEN, April 6. — The general strike, called as a protest against the resignation of Premier Zahle on March 29, was called off Sunday morning, it was announced, following a meeting of the chairmen, of all political parties in the lower house of parliament on Saturday, called Saturday by King Christian. The session lasted from nine o'clock until 3:30 o'clock Sunday.

The announcement stated that all parties had agreed it would be necessary to hold elections after a new ministerial law has been passed.

Premier Liebe declared, upon the King's suggestion, that he desired to retire. The King will now ask former Director of the Ministry of Justice Friis to form a cabinet with the understanding that the Rigsdag will resume its sessions as soon as possible and begin negotiations for an electoral bill. All the chairmen assented to cooperate with a cabinet formed upon that basis.

The resignation of the Liebe Ministry after five years' tenure of office means that the Socialists will consent to call off the general strike, provided the new cabinet shall be satisfied through all the parliamentary stages, by dissolution of the Rigsdag and the new election.

The compromise, by which the strike was called off followed a sensational public demonstration on Saturday. Enormous crowds gathered outside the Town Hall, and marshalling into columns, marched to the Royal Palace, Amalienborg Castle, carrying a resolution asking the King's help to prevent the calamity of general strike.

The procession of about 40,000 men, was headed by M. Stauning, president of the Copenhagen Town Council, and the entire membership of the council. On their arrival at the castle, the councillors, bearing the petition, were immediately admitted to the King's presence. The mounted police attempted to prevent the crowd from entering the castle square, but a sudden display of Red flags frightened the horses, and the next moment thousands surged into the square, which is bordered by four royal palaces.

The "Red Flag" and other songs were sung and many speakers addressed those assembled.

The people in general were goodnatured, only when a mounted officer [illegible] at the procession was there some protest.

The King, attended by Premier Liebe, received the deputation.

The councillors implored the King to dismiss the newly-appointed Ministry, and the request was refused:

"I will negotiate on everything when the general strike is called off."

A Socialist councillor interjected: "It is too late, your Majesty," and all the [illegible] Democrats present [illegible] his words.

Meantime, from outside the palace were heard shouts of "Republic" and long live Social Democracy." These cries were redoubled when the deputation reappeared, and former Ministers Stauning addressed the crowd from the steps of the palace, announcing the result of the conference with the King.

Premier Liebe declared that he would not be a candidate for the premiership in the new cabinet, which is bordered by four royal palaces.

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NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Carpentier will box an exhibition bout at Vancouver in June.

Sterling exchange was quoted in New York yesterday at $3.85¾.

The Russian Soviet has notified Poland of its willingness to open peace negotiations on April 15.

British Columbia is to have a referendum this summer on whether prohibition shall continue or not.

The Bell Co. of Canada report showed profits of $4,000,940, which is lower than those in 1918 or 1917.

Fred. McLeod of Washington beat Jim Barnes and Walter Hagen in the open golf tournament at Pinehurst, N.C.

Kitchener Horticultural Society has in a campaign added between 400 and 500 new members, including many factory employes.

Alex. Fraser, an old resident of Niagara district, passed away at the residence of his son, Magistrate Fraser, Niagara Falls.

The Prince of Wales has shipped a cup to the Toronto Hunt, to be contested by steeplechasers at the midsummer meeting of the club.

Lloyd Slade and Dutch Tracey, while being taken by Provincial Officer Ryan from Cayuga to Burwash, escaped from the train at Hamilton.

Three Toronto labor unions will hold mass meetings for discussion of the failure of employers to acknowledge their demands for higher wages.

Rangers in the El Centro district in California are organizing to repel an invasion of millions of army worms on their way from the desert west of Dixie Land.

H. A. Harrington, Fuel Administrator for Ontario, has issued an official warning for Ontario industries that the shortage of bituminous coal is certain to be acute during the coming summer.

John O'Connell was sentenced at Brockville Assizes to seven years in the Kingston Penitentiary for attempting to murder Miss Margaret McGee on their employer's farm near Lyndhurst.

THURSDAY.

Dr. Edward Towan passed away at Harriston, aged 80 years.

Boys will be made compulsory in the high schools of Michigan.

Bolshevik troops have penetrated to Petrovok on the Caspian Sea.

Evelyn Bertini, of London, aged 14, it is feared by her father, has been kidnapped.

Adolph Stein, Liberal, was elected by acclamation for Kamouraska in the Federal by-election.

Dr. Middleton was elected Councillor at Cayuga, to take the place of the late Michael Cassiday.

At its annual meeting the Bureau of Municipal Research re-elected Mr. John Macdonald as its president.

Lt.-Col. W. J. Brown, A.A.G., M.D., No. 1, recruiting officer, has been appointed A.D.M.S. Military District No. 2, Toronto.

Sterling exchange in New York was strong, advancing to $3.93½ for demand bills.

Almost 3,000 persons took part in the Good Friday parade of Toronto Salvation Army units.

Waves five and six feet high swept Detroit river on Friday, making the ferry boats crossing difficult.

Bela Kun and his fellow prisoners have ended a hunger strike by which they sought to gain their freedom.

Fuel Administrator H. A. Harrington stated that Ontario would pay $17 per ton for its hard coal next winter.

Preparations for a world-wide 24-hour strike on May 1 are being made in Switzerland by the radical elements.

The Board of Railway Commissioners has ruled to allow the railways to file a new tariff of communication rates.

Stephen Lencock lectured on "Frenated Fleiders" at Canadian Club Hall, under the auspices of the Varsity veterans.

United Farmers of North York have for President H. W. E. Burnaby as their candidate to oppose W. L. Mackenzie King.

Rev. Bernard Vaughan, the widely-known Jesuit Father of London, England, again attacks the gowns of society ladies, which he says are against every canon of good taste.

Henry Charron, a janitor in Montreal, was robbed of $196, rents for the month which he had just collected, and was taking to the owner of the apartment house he cared for.

Alleged drapeless council fire from the candles during high mass in St. Alphonse's Church, Windsor, and some statues were damaged by smoke, but the audience remained calm.

MONDAY.

Hydro current was turned on in the village of Markham Friday for the first time.

The ex-Kaiser has suspended his wood-sawing operations during the visit of his daughter, the Duchess of Brunswick.

The Canadian Bank Clerks Association is anxious to [illegible] per cent salary proposals to a board of conciliation.

The Department of Education has reports that a masked band late Saturday night roused from his bed a [illegible] to [illegible] increase to the [illegible] teachers.

The Lotbiniere & Megantic Railway is said to be the latest addition to the Canadian Government Railways system.

Jimmy Dellow of Toronto led the Canadians in the Detroit Marathon. He finished fifth, Mellor of Chicago was the winner.

Official denial is given to the published report that Viscount French and Dublin prisoners released by the Sheviki have arrived in Finland, according to a despatch from Helsingfors.

A mass meeting of metal workers in the employ of the Dominion Shipbuilding Co., Toronto, voted to reject the offer of a ten per cent. increase in wages.

Two children of Mrs. Clara Conser of Winnipeg, aged nine and two, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed their home while the mother was away at her work.

Adrian Charles Richard died at St. Catharines after a week's suffering from burns and shock sustained by receiving 1,200 volts of electricity at Thorold.

Evelyn Glenn of Chatham and Harvey Slean of Harwich township were killed when a motor car was struck by a train on the M.C.R. at Charing Cross.

TUESDAY.

Sterling exchange makes sharp advance and crosses $4 mark with wide margin.

The Chevra Kadisha Synagogue, in Montreal, was destroyed by fire; loss about $230,000.

The Ontario Educational Association opened its fifty-ninth annual meeting in Toronto.

The plebiscite in the Teschen region will be taken not later than May 15, according to the Journal des Debats.

W. H. Pearson, for many years general manager of the Consumers' Gas Co., Toronto, died suddenly at his home.

President Deschanel has received the insignia of the Order of the Annunziata from King Victor Emmanuel of Italy.

Moor street will be made the connecting link between the two provincial trunk roads running to the east and west of Toronto.

Arthur Palmer, a porter at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Montreal, was shot and killed by the husband of a woman with whom he was living.

Gaudlose Lagnon was decapitated by a granite block when hurled into the air by a premature explosion in the Jacobs' asbestos mine at Thetford, Que.

The Presidents of Ecuador and Colombia met on Monday at the boundary of the two countries and shook hands, thus sealing the historic friendship of the republics.

Arriving on the Grampian at St. John came a Canadian soldier whose memory is almost a blank since Passchendaele, who thinks he is Frank Hall, formerly of Brantford.

Georges Carpentier was made an honorary member of the Toronto Command of the Army and Navy Veterans. Mme. Carpentier has become an honorary member of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Lt.-Col. George Edson Burns and Capt. Jules A. Duchastel de Montrouge, were decorated at Montreal by the Consul-General of Greece for services rendered to Greek residents in Canada during the war.

REBELS USE THE TORCH

Incendiarism is Latest Trouble in Ireland.

Sinn Fein Did Not Attempt Another Rebellion to Celebrate Easter, But They Started a Campaign of Burning Barracks and Revenue Offices — More Reports of Brutal Murders by Terrorists.

LONDON, April 6.—The Sinn Fein plan to destroy all British records and public property in Ireland by administration into confusion was put into operation Saturday night when fires were started in official buildings all over Ireland.

Throughout Counties Cork and Clare, disguised and armed men destroyed police barracks. By next week end havoc throughout Ireland was as follows:

Sixty-one police barracks were destroyed and 21 revenue offices raided and their contents burned.

Belfast was practically the rest of the world. The land wires and cable to England were cut and the only means of communication was the telephone.

The Grand Central Hotel, in which are located the Pensions, Labor and other departments, and the Bank of Ireland, were entered during the night and a large number of documents were destroyed.

The raiders then tried to burn the buildings, but a fire brigade prevented this.

Three separate blazes were found in the Income Tax Offices. The City Post Offices and public buildings were also suffering from incendiary. Despatches state the city is calm and the authorities have the situation in hand.

Attempts were made to set fire to the Belfast Customs House and two Excise Offices.

Belfast's case fire was started by pouring petrol over floors and furniture and then applying a match.

Most of the fires started after the blazes were discovered as postmen. Some were marked and armed.

When communication with Belfast were partly restored Sunday evening it was discovered that a wave of destruction has swept over the Province of Ulster.

Police barracks in all parts of the province had been burned down or very much damaged. Destruction was not mostly the smaller towns. Revenue offices also were ignited on a large scale.

Belfast is still cut off from Dublin. At London derry men singing republican songs cut the hose lines as firemen were trying desperately to save the Revenue Offices and the Pension Office from burning to the ground.

At Queenstown Sinn Feiners raised the republican colors on the flagstaff in front of the Harbor Commissioner's office, and removed the Union Jack. The halyards were greased the pole to prevent the removal of the Sinn Fein emblem.

In many of the cases the police had left the barracks to go to the concentration points in the larger cities. There only women and children were left in the barracks or huts, the raiders gave warning of their intentions, hence there were no casualties.

A report that Archbishop Fallamore reports that a masked band late Saturday night roused from his bed a [illegible] King's County and ordered them into the farm yard. They seated the [illegible] Michaels, and having compelled the farmer's son, Kieran Flynn, to stand up, fired at him, inflicting wounds in the legs, arms and abdomen. They then attempted to blow up the house and decamped.

Easter Sunday, fourth anniversary of the Easter rebellion, has not passed without the threats of a repetition of the revolt having been carried out.

Unlike the fanatics of 1916, the present-day leaders of the rebel movement realized that any attempt at an uprising would mean disaster, and passed the word in good season that there was to be no attempt at rebellion. Nevertheless, by way of endeavoring to prove that they are not entirely unimportant, the Sinn Feiners proved the ability women of incendiarism, and used it with damning effect in many quarters.

But for a new armed rebellion, as far as the country can be judged from Dublin, there is no danger of it in the immediate future.

The Irish martyrs carried in the Dublin Bay early Sunday. The military cordon remains drawn around the city. After midnight several thousand soldiers appeared in the streets with armored cars and tanks. People hooting for the north side of the city were turned back by armed outposts.

A man found shot outside the city Sunday morning is believed to have been a Government spy.

Out of Turn.

Mr. Jenkins was sedate and strongly disliked making what he was pleased to term a scandal, especially himself. In fact he was a highly respectable partner in a big contracting firm of decorators and, having on one occasion, according to the contract, advertised for workmen. A large number of applicants stood outside the premises in the early morning and as Jenkins made his way to the office door dressed in his working clothes, he glanced at the waiting crowd with a keen, critical eye by way of summing them up. As he was about to enter the office after scrutinizing the human forest there was a strong arm shot out and Jenkins, seeing about a dozen shouting stays and corsets at once, turned round and came face to face with a muddy road and heard a voice crying: "None o' your tricks, mate, take your turn."

His Advertisement.

The angler tackled the manager of the country hotel angrily. "What do you mean, sir, by filling my room with the promise of fine fishing?" he said. "There isn't a bit of fishing here. Every brook has a sign warning people off." "I didn't say anything about fine fishing, sir," said the manager calmly. "If you will kindly read my advertisement again with more care you will see that what I said was 'Fishing unapproachable'."

Belgians In Toronto.

Eight families and nine unmarried men, making altogether 38 persons, have arrived from Belgium to make their home in Toronto. Twenty of these Belgians are spinners, and will be employed in the York Knitting Mills. To build up new industries in this country skilled hands from the countries whence we imported products of such industries are needed at the outset.

GOVERNMENT IS FIRM.

Will Not Give Veterans Large Cash Bonus.

OTTAWA, April 6.—With a policeman guarding the entrance, the Government received a delegation of representatives on Monday in favor of the Flynn scheme of a cash bonus running from $1,000 to $2,000. But Hartley Flynn himself was not present. He accompanied the delegation almost to the door of the Premier's office, but did not enter. He had previously been notified by Sir George Foster, acting Premier, that while the Government would be pleased to receive the delegation, he himself would not be received, "for reasons which will be evident to you."

"In order," Mr. Flynn said, "I have sent a challenge to Sir George Foster inviting him to resign his seat in North Toronto and [illegible] him that if he will do that I will contest it against him. The result will tell me how the approval of the people."

The delegation was representative of seven organizations: United Veterans' League, Grand Army of Canada, His Majesty's Army and Navy Veterans' Association, Naval Veterans, Originals' Club, Veterans of France, American Volunteers with the C.E.F.

In his reply to the demand of the delegation the acting Premier said the last word had not been spoken, but indicated that the Government had been opposed to the cash gratuity proposal from the outset because it did not feel like saying to Tom, Dick and Harry "here's $2,000, Tom; here's $1,500, Dick; here's $1,000, Harry. Sign a clean slate; we're through with you."

Sir George said it was easy to say "yes" to a proposition that involved the raising of $600,000,000 to $1,000,000,000, but entirely another matter to find the money. He explained that such a large amount could not be borrowed anywhere at present with Canada and there would be difficulty in getting it even in the Dominion.

The suggestion for the deputation were headed by H. McLeod, treasurer of the Grand Army of Canada. If was said $60,000 people, including the returned men and their friends had signed the petitions for a further cash bonus. The deputation was received by Sir George Foster, Hon. James Lougheed, Hon. Arthur Meighen, Hugh Guthrie, Martin Burrell, Sir Henry Drayton, Hon. Rodolphe E. P. Tolmie, and Senator Robertson.

The case for the veterans was presented by McLeod, Capt. Wales, of the Navy and Army and Navy Veterans; Comrade Marsh, Dominion organizer of the G. A. C.; Comrade Lalonde, of the French Canadian League; Comrade McIntyre, of the Veterans of France; Comrade Redmore, of the Originals; Comrade Cosens Witton and Comrade Conlier, of the Originals.

Sir George Foster explained that Harry Flynn was barred from the conference because he had used harsh language concerning the minister of militia and the Government itself. "We do not feel," added Sir George, "that with self respect we can have before us and give audience to a man who has used the language Mr. Flynn has used. We should remember that we are dealing in cause by using ex-travagant or too harsh language. It is no reflection on your organizations, however, that Mr. Flynn is excluded from the conference."

FRENCH TO ACT ALONE.

German Troops Must Withdraw From Ruhr Basin.

PARIS, April 6.—French military measures destined to force the German Government to withdraw its troops from the Ruhr basin are now entirely in the hands of Marshal Foch.

France is advanced in some well-informed quarters that occupation of Frankfort, Darmstadt, Homburg and Hanau is unlikely to exercise sufficient pressure upon the Germans, since their military heads argue that this occupation is distasteful to the French troops in the themselves, and cannot continue indefinitely. On the other hand, the expense of the operation forms an additional cavalier in the hands of the French financiers. French newspapers recall war tributes imposed by German troops upon Belgian cities, and suggest similar measures being applied to German cities occupied by the French.

Despatches from Wiesbaden saying that Gen. De Goutte's forces are preparing to leave Hesse are explained as not necessarily meaning an immediate advance, but complete readiness to move forward unless Berlin promptly withdraws its troops, which have entered the Ruhr district. No censorship has been established here as yet, but it is believed that all despatches concerning the movements of the army will probably be surrounded with the usual formalities. It is understood that communications from the army will probably be surrounded with the usual formalities. It is understood that communications from the army will probably be surrounded with the usual formalities. It is understood that communications from

"Haunted" Gems in British Museum

HAUNTED gems that, like the famous Kohinoor diamond, are claim to be accompanied by an evil spirit which works a sinister influence over the lives of those into whose hands they fall and wherever they go, have just been reported as discovered in a British museum. One day an art student, who claims occult powers, saw the jewels and startled their custodian pretty considerably by stating that he saw an apparition standing by the jewels dressed in Elizabethan costume and evidently very angry.

Investigating this new mystery, a London Sun representative interviewed Ralph Shirley, the well-known occultist and editor of the Occult Review. Far from ridiculing the story of the haunted gem, Mr. Shirley professed every belief in the possibility of the accuracy of the art student's statement.

The stones in question comprise a fine collection of Elizabethan jewels, which are on exhibition in the Gold Room of the London Museum. About eight years ago they were discovered by workmen during excavations for the building of a warehouse in the vicinity of St. Paul's Cathedral. The gems were inclosed in a decayed wooden box and consisted of about 150 gold and enameled articles, including neck chains, pendants, rings, unset stones and various ornaments.

They were taken by the workmen to the house of an official of the London Museum, who kept them in his study for a fortnight, in the meantime informing the British Treasury of the discovery.

The jewels arrived about 6 o'clock one evening. About 10 o'clock, although it was a warm June night, the official and his wife and daughter experienced a sensation of cold and shivering in the room where the jewels had been placed.

Presently the art student arrived. Standing by the jewels, he claimed that he could see a person whom he described as a tall, thin man in Elizabethan costume, who looked very angry. He further declared that he heard or "sensed" the apparition say: "Those are my jewels; what right have you to them?"

Two or three years later, long after the jewels had been placed in the London Museum, there was a curious sequel. A professional medium, who knew nothing of what had happened, while visiting the official at his house, declared that he saw a man standing by the side of his daughter, who, he said, "does not like you (the girl) and might do you an injury." His description of the man tallied exactly with that seen by the art student. The daughter, it should be said, used to clean the jewelry when it was in the house.

Another surprise incident occurred shortly before the war. A woman spiritualist, when shown the jewels at the London Museum, fainted. On recovering she accounted for her illness by explaining that she had seen blood on a gold neck chain among the jewels, and that she had "sensed" that the woman who originally wore it had been murdered by somebody who wished to obtain possession of it.

Since then there have been no further strange manifestations. From a psychical point of view, it is considered that the original owner of the jewels does not object to them remaining where they are, as they are national property and not in the possession of any private individual.

"There are a great many stories of treasure guarded by spirits," said Mr. Shirley when told this story. "From an occultist's point of view the theory is that there are earth-bound spirits who were so attached to certain possessions in their life that they still cling to them in the after life. There are stories of ghosts preventing people going to live in houses they tenanted in life. One may suppose that such apparitions do not realise that they are dead and that they look upon the new tenants as trespassers. In one such case I read of they called in a medium, through whom the ghost spoke, and they then cajoled the visitant to leave the house, passing out of the front door.

"Such spirits it may be supposed, are living a dream life, and in cases where ghosts have been exorcised it may be that they have been set free from the illusion that has tied them by some magnetic attraction to some particular spot."

"The theosophists' view," added Mr. Shirley, "is that these hauntings are by the lower selves of the people and do not represent the true individuals; that they are some fragment of the lower consciousness of actual representatives."

The most wonderful story of all, however, is told by a British officer, a correspondent of Mr. Shirley's. It is a personal narrative of an uncanny experience that happened to this officer in one of the wildest spots in the Indian jungle. There came into his possession accidentally a dirty scrap of paper from which the officer learned that treasure of enormous value lay buried beneath a certain rock. About a week after the paper had been handed to him by the native Col. X—— came upon the site of the buried treasure, which he found well guarded by spirits.

"Colossal grey elephants massed in a ghostly way between me and the mass," he states, "and all the while there was never a sound but that thud, thud, thud, as of some heavy body falling upon soft earth. I suppose panic must have grown and that I attempted to bolt from the neighborhood. Anyway, the next thing I remember finding myself sitting upon the ground, my gun across and at a loss to know where I was."

Ploughing, harvesting and road work are common employment for Greek peasant women.

One Week Spot.

"It is surprising," the famous lawyer observed with a sigh, "how one will sometimes lose a case despite everything one can do. Now, take that client of mine who was just sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary." "You thought he should have been acquitted?" "Certainly I did, and him," was the modest reply. "What was he accused of?" "It was charged that he had stolen a watch." "And you couldn't save him?" "No, I riddled the testimony of the prosecution's witnesses; I showed that my client was a man of unblemished character; I proved an alibi by five unimpeachable witnesses, and I made the speech of my career to the jury, but they returned a verdict of guilty." "You astonish me." "How [illegible] reason?" "Well, I'm bound to admit that there was one weak spot in our defence, and the prosecuting attorney made the most of it. You see they found the watch in my client's pocket."

THE ABORIGINES.

American Indian Is No Longer Dying Race.

Despite the popular belief that the civilization forced upon him by the white man means his ultimate extinction, the North American Indian, reviving from a long period of decadence, has shown such substantial increase in population in recent years that he probably is scarcely less numerous than when Columbus discovered America. It is stated by experts of the United States Indian Bureau that at no time has the Indian population materially exceeded the total of 332,702 Indians reported by the bureau last year. This is also said to be true of the Indians in Canada.

"The Indian is no longer to be thought of as a dying race," declared Dr. Lawrence W. White, an Indian authority of the bureau. "In support of that statement it is necessary, in the first place, to disabuse the public mind of the tradition handed down by discoverers and early colonists that American forests in their day swarmed with the dusky figures of the red men. As the Indian neglected agriculture almost completely, it is highly probably that this country, considering its latitude, could have supported more than several hundred thousand of his race. The Indian in the present day, after a period of sharp decrease follows as a natural sequence to sudden contact with the civilization of the white man, is seen to be making substantial gains in population.

"While many estimates or guesses of the Indian population were made during the last century, ranging from less than 100,000 to 400,000, the first reliable census was made by the Indian Bureau in 1879, when the population was placed at 313,712. So figures demonstrated that in the last fifty years the Indian population has made a substantial gain."

Pointing to statistics which show an excess of births over deaths of 1,522 Indians in 1916, and almost as great an excess of 1917, normal years, which were not affected by the epidemic of influenza, Dr. White said:

"These figures fully reflected the generosity of a Government that has increased its Indian health appropriation alone from $40,000 in 1911 to $350,000 in 1917 and subsequent years. They demonstrate that with the schools, hospitals and other advantages now provided for him, the Indian, be he tribesman of freedman, is not a dying race, but rather a flourishing one."

The Queue for Canadian Rye.

Walking down Oxford street, London, Eng., the other day we saw an extraordinary sight, a long double queue of all sorts and conditions of men and women waiting to gain admission to a public house. The queue stretched around the corner of Soho Square, and at each end was a mounted policeman in front of the door. On asking a serried the meaning of this protected crowd, we received the laconic answer, "Whiskey!" It is stated in some of the papers that there are large importations of American and Canadian whisky from the useless stores of those countries.—Saturday Review.

Because they are a nuisance to farmers the South African Government plans to exterminate elephants that live in a large forest, and natives fear the species will become extinct.

STORY OF ADELE HUGO

DAUGHTER OF FAMOUS AUTHOR LIVED IN HALIFAX.

Romance of the Gifted Young Woman Who Followed Her Faithless English Lover to Nova Scotia, and Suffered Many Privations Rather Than Tell Her Family of Her Wrongs—Tale Sounds Like Fiction Rather Than Fact.

THE recent announcement of the death of Mlle. Adele Hugo at the age of over eighty, recalls the sad history of this sole surviving child of the distinguished novelist, Victor Hugo—for his daughter Leopoldine and his sons, Charles and Francois, predeceased their illustrious father; and the demise of this aged lady reawakens the sympathetic interest of the public in one whose life has been practically that of a recluse.

Immediately after the coup d'etat of Napoleon III, Victor Hugo — for whose body, dead or alive, a reward of five thousand francs was offered by the Imperial Government—escaped to Brussels and thence to Guernsey, where he was joined by his wife, two sons and Adele. Having decided to make his home among the French-speaking inhabitants of the Channel Islands, the family of the ex-politician became acquainted with the son of pan English clergyman—the Albert Andrew Pinsen—to whom the beautiful twenty-year-old Adele speedily lost her heart; and the young man, apparently reciprocating her affection, proposed marriage. Promises of marriage as soon as the objections of his father (founded solely on religious grounds) should be overcome.

After several years of waiting, Victor Hugo, destrous of promoting his daughter's happiness, at length induced Pinsen to sign his name by the side of Adele's on a marriage contract; but he departed immediately for England, from whence he wrote that he preferred to have their marriage celebrated in London rather than in Guernsey, as he had received an a commission in the British army. As even a lieutenant's commission would have been beyond Pinsen's means, the supposition that his father—on whom the young man was dependent—had decided upon this step to prevent the lovers' gains wedding from the fact that when Adele's supplications prevailed upon her to accompany her to London, for the marriage ceremony, she discovered that her fiance had sailed with the regiment for Halifax, Nova Scotia.

So enamored was Adele, however, of her faithless lover, that despite the entreaties of her family she determined to follow him even to the ends of the earth; and provided with the money intended for her trousseau, she there left her home (to which she and her mother had returned from London) boarded a channel boat and travelled to Liverpool and [illegible] whence she [illegible] Boyle, and registered at the Halifax Hotel as "Miss Lewly." Her knowledge of English at this time (about 1861) was very imperfect, but immediately obtaining her stay in town and through the kind offices of a French cook at the hotel she soon engaged a furnished room in the house of a waiter, who was much in demand at both private and public functions. Here she lived in almost complete seclusion, seeking no companionship, for though she had immediately notified Lieut. Pinsen of her presence in the town, he, being greatly chagrined at her sudden arrival on the scene, only paid her occasional short visits; and while fervent in his professions of undying love and affection constantly protested that circumstances still hindered their marriage.

Her long the money brought with her became exhausted, and Adele was forced to turn to literary work as a means of support, for in addition to being a striking handsome, cultured and entertaining woman, Mlle. Hugo had marked attainments, having inherited much of the great intellectual ability of her father; who, she asserted, had declared that her style of writing was decidedly sensational, and in that respect eclipsed anything from his own pen. While living in this secluded and erratic fashion Adele maintained a regular correspondence with her family, but evidently led them to believe that Pinsen had at last married her, and keeping them in total ignorance of her many deprivations and sufferings.

By a curious turn of fortune's wheel, however, a French chef, while engaging the services of Mlle Hugo's landlord to assist as waiter at a dinner to be given by the general in command of the troops at Halifax, chanced to notice on the hallstable a letter addressed to "Monsieur le Vicomte Victor Hugo, Guernsey, Great Britain," which had been placed there to be posted by "Miss Lewly." By dint of shrewd inquiries as to the personality of the writer the surprised Parisian had little difficulty in convincing the landlord and his wife that their lodger could be none other than the distinguished novelist's daughter; and at once the waiter wrote to Victor Hugo describing "Miss Lewly's" peculiar way of living, her scanty wardrobe and minute details of her appearance that the return mail brought him a letter of gratitude for his thoughtfulness, and a request that his wife provide everything necessary to Mrs. Pinsen's comfort and to remit the bills to Guernsey for payment. These instructions were faithfully carried out and from this time onward monthly remittances of twenty-five pounds sterling came regularly from the author, payable to the order of "Madme. Pinsen," and these she collected personally at the bank. This income would have permitted her to live in luxury had she not lavished it upon that pleasure-loving dandy—Pinsen—who, while still refusing to marry her did not scruple to accept her money to further his great love of gay apparel—which had won for him in the garrison the soubriquet of "the Count."

Outside of the money expended upon her worthless fiance—one of the gayest officers on the station—economy seemed her ruling passion, and when she fully realized his studied neglect of her, combined with the report of his marked attentions to the daughter of a prominent Nova Scotian family, she paid less and less attention to her personal appearance. A deep depression of spirits, followed by intense melancholy, now settled upon her and she spent sleepless nights pacing her room to and fro, and only sought the air after dark, attired in man's apparel, simply to avoid molestation.

After several years of this miserable existence, the second battalion of the Sixteenth Regiment, of which Pinsen was lieutenant, was transferred to Barbados; and in spite of past experiences of that "hope deferred which maketh the heart sick," Adele determined to follow him thither, thinking that time would surely soften his heart and compel him to fulfil honorably what she considered the sacred obligation to which they were both bound by the marriage contract of the old, sweet past. With this intent she followed him secretly from one West Indian station to another—for none of his brother officers ever knew of her existence—until finally his regiment was ordered home to Dublin, Ireland, in 1869; and in the following year, Pinsen now advanced to a captaincy was again transferred to Canterbury, England, where he sold his commission and married an English lady of Norwood, near London, who was said to have had an annual income of fifteen hundred pounds.

The [illegible] strain on mind and body, [illegible] and self-inflicted seclusion, would have but one ending—mental collapse —and Mlle. Hugo left the West Indies in charge of a nurse for an asylum in the United States; but not long after was found wandering alone in the streets of New York and with contempt of court as a result of his "poison" speech.

daughter of Victor Hugo." She was kindly cared for and sent back to her friends in France, but with wide-staring eyes and sealed lips as to the complete history of her long martyrdom; and thus a stranger and more absorbing drama than her father ever wrote was never fully revealed to the world. She never wholly recovered her reason, and since her father's death occupied his villa, morose and solitary, seldom speaking and never of the past. Occasionally she went to Paris to witness from the back of a darkened box a reproduction of one of her father's plays, doubtless dimly realising that the tragedy of her own life—now at last ended—arose from "not loving wisely, but too well." — The Canadian Bookman.

AFTER GRIP or FLU

WINTER COLDS—BAD BLOOD

You are pale, thin, weak—with little vitality. Your liver is sluggish and the bad blood causes your stomach muscles to lose their elasticity and become flabby and weak —an indigestion.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, made from wild roots and barks, and free from alcohol or narcotics, is the great and powerful blood purifier of to-day. Ingredients printed on wrapper. This tonic, in liquid or tablet form, is just what you need to give you vim, vigor and vitality.

Take the 'Discovery' as directed and it will search out impure and poisonous matter throughout the system and eliminate it through the natural channels.

You can procure a trial package of the tablets by sending 10c. to the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., or branch Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ontario.

SENTALUTA, SASK.—"I have taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for liver trouble, and found it excellent. It would not be without it. I suffered from congestion of the liver about six years ago and I always say that this medicine cured me. I have also given it to my family for colds and it cured them in a very short time. We must have used about 6 dozen bottles of the 'Discovery'." —Mrs. Enoch Mitchell.

KITCHENER, ONT.—"I had become all run-down, was weak and nervous. My blood was bad also. I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and was completely restored to good health. I am always recommending this medicine to my friends, many of whom have had equally as good results."—Mrs. Eph Kettyle, 64 Breithaupt Street.

Heyday of the Muskrat.

The modest muskrat has at last obtained his proper meed of appreciation. His coat, the "Hudson seal" of commerce, has become the most fashionable of furs, and costs just about treble the price that it fetched before the war.

For the latter fact there is another reason, viz., that the extraordinary cold of winter before last froze multitudes of muskrats to death, thereby reducing very largely the available supply of the animals.

The value of the muskrat to-day seems strange to many a middle-aged Canadian who trapped these little animals, about a quarter of a century ago, when he was a lad attending high school, and received from 10 to 25 cents per skin.

Some muskrats are stream-dwellers, and make their homes in burrows in the banks thereof. But mostly they live in swamps, and build for themselves houses of twigs and refuse vegetation two or three feet high. The house has a hole, for entrance and exit, beneath the surface of the water; and in winter time the occupants make their way out under the ice to look for water-lily roots, mollusks or other food.

In the winter before last, however, the ice over many marsh areas froze right down to the bottom, so that the poor rodents, unable to get food, starved to death.

A muskrat is nearly as big as a fair-sized cat. It "moults" in summer, shedding its hair, and its new cottage is not grown until early in the following year. Skins taken in February and March (known to the trade as "spring" pelts) are in best condition and fetch the highest price.

About seventy skins are required to make one of those long and beautiful coats that are so much admired nowadays. But the average person who buys a muskrat coat does not realize that one may be worth more than twice as much as another, even when the two are fashioned exactly alike. How far this is true may be judged by the prices paid for skins at the great annual fur auction in St. Louis last September. On that occasion 552,266 muskrat pelts were sold in wholesale lots at $2 apiece for "fall" skins, $3.05 for "springs," $2.60 for "spring dark," $2.90 for "spring, extra large" and $5.70 for "spring extra large and dark."

"Poison Ivy."

William Ivens, the former Methodist preacher, and one of the strike leaders on trial in Winnipeg, has acquired a nickname as a result of his "poisoned jury, poisoned judge and poisoned sentence" speech. "Poison Ivy" is the name by which the strike leader is now known to those who are following the trial. Ivens was charged with contempt of court as a result of his "poison" speech.

YOUNG WOMEN AVOID PAIN

This One Tells How She Was Benefited by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Regina, Sask. — "For two years I suffered from periodic pains and nausea so I was unable to get around. My mother had me take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am much better and able to go about all the time, which I could not do before. I recommend Vegetable Compound to my friends if I know they suffer the same way, and you may publish my letter if it will help any one, as I hope it will."—Miss Z. G. Blackwell, 2078 Osler Place, Regina, Sask.

If every girl who suffers as Miss Blackwell did, or from irregularities, painful periods, backache, sideache, dragging down pains, inflammation or ulceration would only give this famous root and herb remedy a trial they would soon find relief from such suffering.

It hardly seems possible that there is a woman in this country who will continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, proving beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world.

For special advice women are asked to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of forty years experience is at your service.

The Uses of the Shark.

Valuable as are the minerals of Alaska, and important as is the promise of future agricultural development, the world seems in a fair way to owe yet another debt of gratitude to it for a new kind of leather. The cow, horse, sheep, and goat have shod us, provided us with gloves, trunks, traveling bags, and whatever else is made of leather, but leather is becoming far more expensive than one likes to think of, and the idea of a new and unlimited supply is available, for an Alaskan plant has for some time been taning the skin of the shark with results indicating that shark leather is not only something "just as good" but quite a bit better than the leather of ordinary use. The practical development of the plant was shown the other day by the visit of J. F. Lavanc, of Alaska, expert in the art of the tanner, to the east, to secure new machinery, and to interest some of the tanning vessels of Gloucester in the new industry of gathering material for shark leather. For some time past, it appears also, various governments have been experimenting with the new product, taking up nearly all the shark leather that has yet been tanned, but at the same time shark-skin shoes have been worn by persons employed in the industry with results that have led all the chams made for shark leather.

Green food supplies some food materials, but is very essential to health. A bird must be healthy to lay.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Advertising!

THE biggest men in the country have found that the easiest way to spell success is to A-D-V-E-R-T-I-S-E. Suppose the newspaper did not publish the news, how would the people know what is happening? If you don't publish the Store News how will the people know about your goods? You can never sell the goods people do not know you have.

Advertising is telling about your stock. The firm that advertises gets ahead, every time, of the firm that does not advertise. Shop-worn and out-of-date stock is the penalty merchants pay for not advertising.

PRINTING!

Counter Check Books
Letter Heads
Posters
Envelopes
Menu Cards
Statement Heads
Programmes
Dodgers
Calling Cards
Memorial Cards
Circulars
Bill-Heads
Wedding Cards
Note Heads

We guarantee our work

The Napanee Express

Do not forget to file your

Income Tax Return

on or before the 30th of April, 1920.

Dominion of Canada

Department of Finance

ALL persons residing in Canada, employed in Canada, or carrying on business in Canada, are liable to a tax on income, as follows:—

1. Every unmarried person, or widow, or widower, without dependants as defined by the Act, who during the calendar year 1919 received or earned $1,000 or more.

2. All other individuals who during the calendar year 1919 received or earned $2,000 or more.

3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded $2,000 during the fiscal year ended in 1919.

Forms to be used in filing returns on or before the 30th of April, 1920.

ALL INDIVIDUALS other than farmers and ranchers must use **Form T 1.**

FARMERS AND RANCHERS must use **Form T 1A.**

CORPORATIONS and joint stock companies must use **Form T 2.**

Penalty

Every person required to make a return, who fails to do so within the time limit, shall be subject to a penalty of Twenty-five per centum of the amount of the tax payable.

Any person, whether taxable, or otherwise, who fails to make a return or provide information duly required according to the provision of the Act, shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty of $100 for each day during which the default continues. Also any person making a false statement in any return or in any information required by the Minister, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding $10,000, or to six months' imprisonment or to both fine and imprisonment.

General Instructions.

Obtain Forms from the Inspectors or Assistant Inspectors of Taxation or from Postmasters.

Read carefully all instructions on Form before filling it in.

Prepay postage on letters and documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Make your returns promptly and avoid penalties.

Address INSPECTOR OF TAXATION, KINGSTON, ONT.

R. W. BREADNER,
Commissioner of Taxation.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Make Wash Day Easy

All that back-breaking labor is unnecessary, if you use one of our UP-TO-DATE

Washing Machines

Electric—
Washing Machines.
Water-Power—
Washing Machines.
Connor—
Washing Machines.
in a variety of styles

From $9.75 Up

Save Yourself. It pays.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store, Napanee
6-3-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

For Spring Weather

A good pair of Shoes are very necessary in spring.

Perhaps a new sole or a little neat patching may make old boots servicable.

Bring them to us. We guarantee our workmanship.

F. P. TENDALL,

O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

BABY CHICKS

—FOR SALE BY—

THE M. B. MILLS CO.

The demand for Baby Chicks is so great this season that our hatching capacity will be run to its limit to supply chicks and space for custom hatching. Place orders now. Our machines are now running and we will have chicks for sale early in April.

We sell Buckeye Incubators, Thermometers, Brooders, etc.

Choice Cockerels for breeding purposes; and Dressed Poultry for the table.

Eggs for hatching, etc.

We buy Pure Bred Eggs for Hatching; Chickens and Poultry.

We are located in our new shop and have taken over from Hartman & Card the Tudhope-Anderson, Wilkinson & Percival Plough Agencies for Farm Implements, Wagons, etc., and carry in stock Shears and Repairs for all makes of Ploughs.

We also do the following lines of work:—Auto and Carriage Trimming, Awning and Sail Making, Electric Wiring, Paper Hanging, Boat Building, Saw Sharpening, Umbrella Repairing and odd jobs.

Basley for sale.

Call at the shop, two blocks south of the Post Office, and see our incubators and brooders running, and learn how easy it is to manage them. 16-tf

On Account of Early Buying

I am able to sell

Field and Garden Seeds

at much below present cost for a short time. PLACE—First flat above the Fair Grocery.

THOS. SYMINGTON.

Kodaks and suplies are sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store. "If it isn't an Eastman it isn't a Kodak."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WANTED!

Dry Maple and Basswood

one inch or plank.

W. D. MIDMER, - Napanee.

19-b

Take your Time—No need to hurry when you use

EGG-O Baking Powder

Egg-O Baking Powder Co., Limited, Hamilton, Canada 39

Market Square Store News

Come in and see our

House Dresses our own make some as cheap as **$2.65**

HIGH-GRADE WAISTS

in Crepe-de-Chene, Georgette and Voile arriving now.

FURS, FURS,

Bring in your Furs now for remodelling. Advance styles to choose from. 20 per cent. off on all Fur Work until August 1st.

MRS. L. JOHNSTON, - Napanee

Next door to Allen's.

11-6-m

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting.
10.30—Morning worship.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening worship.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday 7.00—Three C's meet.
Thursday, 8.30 — Brotherhood meets.

Seeds! Seeds!

A full stock of new garden seeds in bulk.

FRANK H. PERRY.

18-tf

Garden Tools

Spading forks, rakes, hoes, garden barrows, garden seeds, and everything for the garden, at

Boyle & Son

NOTICE?

Parties wanting an employee or employees, please apply to Mr. N. E. Root, representative (Official) D. S. C. R., Napanee District. Phone 43 or write Box 410, Napanee, Ont.

Boyes' Grocery.

Choice Groceries. Best fruits in season, good line of confectionery fancy cake and biscuits. Try our black tea. Try our Coffee. We pay the highest price for eggs.

Phone 236. **G. W. Boyes,** John st

Don't Forget

When you want a good cup of COFFEE try Kelly's famous coffee, the same blend that Kelly Baisley used for years, one teaspoonful is equal to two teaspoons of other blend. Give it a trial.

Base Ball Meeting.

A meeting of the Napanee Base Ball Club will be held in the Council Chamber, in the town hall, next Thursday evening, April 15th, at 8. A full attendance is requested and to elect the officers for the coming season.

A Miscellaneous Shower.

On Wednesday evening, March 31st, The Ready Helpers of Trinity Church, met at the home of Mrs. George Knox for a social time, and presented Miss Nettie VanDusen, who is a member, with a miscellaneous shower in honor of her approaching marriage. The evening was spent in games, after which light refreshments were served. While Miss VanDusen was taken entirely by surprise she thanked the class for the many pretty and useful gifts received and although many miles away would always remember the class as true to their name, Ready Helpers. All joined in wishing her every happiness.

Campbell—Reid.

A very quiet wedding was solemnized on Thursday, April 1st, in St. Mary Magdalene church, by the Rev. Lemain Worrall Campbell and Gertrude Reid. Major the Rev. J. W. Jones, of Kingston, an uncle of the bride, assisted by Canon Farnworth officiated. The groom is assistant to Dr. Nash, of Kingston, and has seen service at the front, where he was wounded. He was a member of the 146th Battalion. The bride is a most charming and popular young lady of Enterprise, the only child of John Wellington Reid, formerly Reeve of Camden. She wore a traveling suit of navy blue serge, with hat to match. Mr. A. R. Galbraith, of Enterprise, was best man, and Miss Louise Haggerty, of Tamworth, acted as bridesmaid. Mrs. Guy Penwick presided at the organ. After the ceremony a wedding repast was served at the Campbell House. The happy couple went on a trip westward and will later take up residence in Kingston. The weding presents were numerous, costly, and useful.

You will miss a treat if you do not hear Poo Bah, Ko-Ko, and Pish Tush, at the Armouries on Monday and Tuesday evenings.

Ladies' Musical Club.

The seventh and concluding meeting of the Musical Club was held on Tuesday evening, in the town hall, and proved to be a fitting climax to a most successful season. Large audiences, as a rule, are not very enthusiastic, but this one appears to have been put in such good humor by the excellent rendering of the first number, Tannhauser's March, by Mesdames Myers, and Madden, and Misses Rawley and Wartman, that each succeeding number seemed to strike a responsive chord. Capt. Dan. A. Cameron made his first appearance in Napanee since his return from overseas and demonstrated to the satisfaction of all his hearers that his military experience has not impaired either his voice or his skill in the use of it. His singing was both finished and artistic. Miss Walton, of Belleville, has a pleasing and sympathetic voice, and showed good judgment in her selections. Mrs. Cameron Wilson, the President of the Club, never fails to please. She rendered two numbers in her usual artistic style, and as an encore played Verdi's "Miserere" most feelingly. Besides accompanying Miss Walton, and taking her part most ably in the first number, Miss Hazel Wartman delighted the audience with her brilliant rendition of the overture, "If I Were King." Few towns can produce two such accomplished pianists as Mrs. Myers and Mrs. Madden. Suffice to say they both appeared at their best in Bohm's Birthday Music. The only regret is that we cannot hear them often. Mrs. W. H. Milsap, Mrs. G. W. Gibbard and Mrs. F. S. Wartman, who arranged the programme, are to be congratulated upon having provided a most delightful entertainment.

Nanki Poo, a wandering minstrel, and son of the Mikado, will delight the audience at the Armouries on Monday and Tuesday evening.

We strongly recommend **DEGRAH** varnish for furniture, woodwork and floors. Sold only at

Wilson's Hardware Store

French Dry Cleaning

LET US CLEAN YOUR SUIT

We have the latest machinery and appliances for French Dry Cleaning, consequently we are enabled to obtain the best possible results with all the goods sent to us.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer, and Sunday School and Children's Easter Service.
7.00—Evensong.
Monday, 8p.m., Vestry Meeting.

Horse Clippers.

Stewart power clippers, Newmarket and Handicap hand clippers, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Onion Seed.

Yellow Danvers, Red Weatherfield, and other varities. Large stock; good quality; low price.

FRANK H. PERRY.

18-d

Calf Meal.

International Grofast, and Woodhouse's Calf Meal. This calf meal is made from the same formula as Cream Equivalent, at DAVY & ALLISON'S Hardware Store.

The Market Grocery.

We have salt in barrels and bags, any quantity. White Rose and Quaker flour, groceries. Will soon have a line of Empire seeds direct from the growers in England.

THOMPSON BROS.

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association

will ship Hogs, Cattle and Calves next Monday. Highest returns.

SID. C. S. McKIM, Manager.

Hogs and Calves Wanted.

Will ship Hogs and Calves on Saturday, April 10th, and will pay highest market price for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. and over. $3.00 off for sows. 8c. to 15c. for good veal calves.

J. W. HAMBLY.
G. H. WILLIAMS.

'Phone 47.

Wanted Hogs and Calves.

Will ship hogs and calves on Monday, April 12th, and pay 818 cwt. or 818.50 if market advances any. Veal calves from 12c to 18c lb. Can pay highest price for your hogs and calves. Fat cattle and cows wanted to put on grass.

FRED WILSON.

Telephone 226.

Meeting of MaCall Auxiliary.

A meeting of the MaCall Auxiliary of Napanee will be held in the Historical Room on Thursday evening, April 15th, at 8 o'clock, when Rev. W. H. Brockenshire, Field Secretary, will give an illustrated address on France and the work of the MaCall Mission there. The public are cordially invited. Silver collection.

The Mikado.

The ladies' Musical Club will present the opera, "Mikado," in the armouries on Monday and Tuesday, April 12th and 13th. Since the postponement, on account of sickness, the members of the company have been faithfully practicing, and the public are assured of a splendid treat on April 12th and 13th. The plan for tickets will be open at Hooper's drug store on Saturday morning, April 10th. Out of town people may reserve seats by telephoning or writing to Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Passed Away Early in Life.

A very sad funeral took place on Wednesday at 2.30 p.m. from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Perry, Centre street, when their daughter, Mary Alberta aged 19 years was laid to rest. Services were conducted at the home by Rev. Dr. Shorey, and interment was at the White church, Morven. The call came on the train, 150 miles out of Chicago. Mrs. Perry, nurse, and patient being on their way home from Mayo Bros., Rochester, Minn., where the daughter had been undergoing treatment since last fall. The party was met at Chicago by the father. Deceased was an exceptionally bright, strong girl at school, and very popular with all with whom she came in contact. The flowers were plentiful and beautiful, while an exceptionally large attendance paid their last respects to the departed loved one. Mr. and Mrs. Perry and family have the sincere sympathy of a host of friends in this their hour of sad bereavement.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening service.
The pastor will preach at both services.

J. J. MORRISON, OF U.F.O. IN NAPANEE

On Thursday afternoon, April 1st, the town hall was well filled with farmers who had gathered for the purpose of boosting the sale of stock required for the starting of a U.F.O. store in Napanee.

Mr. C. Brethen, the U.F.O. Director for this county, was selected as chairman of the meeting.

The main feature of the meeting was the very interesting address delivered by Mr. J. J. Morrison, that man who has of late sprung into Provincial and even Dominion-wide prominence because he is recognized as the outstanding figure behind the great farmers movement in Ontario. Mr. Morrison spoke for nearly an hour an a half, touching broadly on the great incessant flow of the farming population from the land to the city. In a new and progressive country like Canada is, one scents financial danger whenever there is not a steady and universal increase in population. How startlingly serious then is our national situation when we learn that rural Ontario has every year a decrease in population of 16,000, and that our own county, Lennox and Addington, keeps pace with the rest of the farming counties. Mr. Morrison pressed the seriousness of the situation home to the audience when by quoting census returns he showed that the population of Lennox and Addington is to-day just 4394 less than it was twenty-eight years ago, or in other words it has lost 23½ per cent. of its population during that period of time. Mr. Morrison then enumerated the loss of population in our own town, losses which in some municipalities ran into thousands. Brought home to our own township and town in this way the audience could do nothing but admit the startling reality of Mr. Morrison's prediction that with the rural disintegration this shrinking source of the nation's wealth, with increasing national debt, we were heading towards the same national ruin that ancient Rome reached when her population packed itself within her walls.

Shorter hours than the farmer could allow, more wages than the farmer could pay, more attractive conditions than the country can offer is the magnet which draws people from farm to city. The farmer has never been able to reconcile on a level basis with the city man, the farmer has been in the same helpless position as the Indian, whose pelts were valued by the white man, then in turn a price was exacted by the white man upon those supplies required by the Indian. The two, the farmer and the indian alike, were helpless to control the price of their produce, or the price they must pay for the goods required, and the two, the indian and the farmer are vanishing from the earth.

Struggle as he may the farmer is powerless to alter these conditions, or to save his country from ruin unless he brings farm legislation to the reseue of the farmer and his country.

Muresco your walls and ceilings. All the popular tints at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

GLYCERINE MIXTURE PREVENTS APPENDICITIS

Simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka, removes all foul, accumulated poisonous matter from BOTH upper and lower bowel and prevents appendicitis. Relieves ANY CASE gas on stomach or constipation. The INSTANT pleasant action of Adler-i-ka surprises both doctors and patients. A business man reports great benefit in a long standing case of indigestion and sour stomach. At Wallace's Drug Store.

That good paint at the old price is going fast. Come and get yours while the selection is good at

Wilson's Hardware Store

Wheatley Music Studios

Recital

Town Hall, Napanee,

Friday, April 9th, '20

8 o'clock

Given by Graduates and Senior Students of Napanee Branch.

Prof. Wheatley extends a hearty invitation to all musical organizations and music lovers generally.

ADMISSION, 25c.

Reserve Tuesday Night April 20th

as there is a treat in store.

A COMEDY DRAMA entitled

"OAK FARM"

will be presented by eleven young people from Deseronto, in the school room of Grace Methodist Church.

Under auspices of Orchestra.

Special orchestra music.

2½ hours rare enjoyment.

ADMISSION, 25c.

19-b

A certain woman.

A CERTAIN woman did a number of sentences in the Reformatory and prison. One day, during service, she declared that with the help of God she would lead a different life.

SHE is now happily married.

HER influence is of incalculable value in aiding and encouraging others to forsake lives of sin and walk in the Paths of Righteousness.

HUNDREDS of similar cases prove that the prison work of the Salvation Army has had most blessed results.

The Salvation Army——

308 Citadels and Institutions in this Territory.

—use them!

SEED OATS

Banner Oats from Prince Edward Island, Government Inspected.

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

SID. C. S. McKIM, Manager.

19-tf

DO YOUR OWN GRAINING

Ask us to show you how easily and satisfactorily you can do it with Campbell's graining surface in the light, dark or golden oak. WALLACE'S, agents for Campbell's, the original varnish stain.

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat.: First class Workmen; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call. A. H. Osborne.

WONDERLAND

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Ora Carew, in a six reel special, "LOOT," from the Saturday Evening Post story of the same name.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Norma Talmage at her glorious best, "THE WAYS OF A WOMAN" Also the new wonder serial, "LIGHTING BRYCE," featuring Ann Little and Jack Hoxie.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

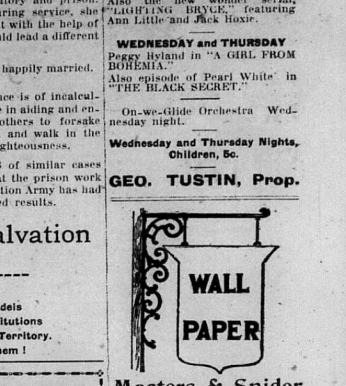
Peggy Hyland in "A GIRL FROM BOHEMIA."

Also episode of Pearl White in "THE BLACK SECRET."

On-we-Glide Orchestra Wednesday night.

Wednesday and Thursday Nights, Children, 5c.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.



Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming

Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand

Centre Street, Napanee

Phone—Office 30, Residence 145.

Notice to Camera Owners

Developing, Printing and Enlarging. Expert work guaranteed **I am not an amateur.** My need of sending your work out so I can when you can have it done better and more promptly here. Regular prices. Best films for good results. Cameras for sale. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive every attention. Office on John street, next door to Shepherd's grocery.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman

To protect your furs use Red Cedar Flakes—decidedly better and not so offensive as moth balls. 25c. package at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

ALL THOSE ABOUT TO

BUILD HOMES, BARNS OR OTHER BUILDINGS

should see us and get **COMPLETE ESTIMATES** on all the material they require for the work.

PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS Prepared.

We supply

CEMENT, LUMBER, SHINGLES, ROLL FELT, GALVANIZED IRON, AND OTHER ROOFINGS

Mixed cars shipped of all you need in your building.

Goods Right! Prices Right! Service Right!

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.

'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.

STRAND THEATRE!

House of First-Class Photo Plays

M. MAKER, Proprietor.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, APRIL 9th and 10th

Artcraft Pictures present Lila Lee in a 6-reel Comedy Drama, "RUSTLING A BRIDE."

Also 2-reel Christie Comedy, "WILD AND WESTERN."

MONDAY and TUESDAY, APRIL 12th and 13th

The big 7-reel Paramount Artcraft special "FALSE FACES."

Also single reel Comedy and News.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, APRIL 14th and 15th

Artcraft Pictures present Ethel Clayton in a huge 5-reel Drama, "MAGGIE PEPPER."

Also 2nd episode of "TERRORS OF THE RANGE."

Watch for special pictures, one show only, on Monday and Tuesday, April 19th and 20th.

COMING SOON—"Birth of a Nation," "Hearts of the World," and Ambassador Gerard's special picture, "Beware," a successor to "My Four Years in Germany."

Napanee Orchestra will furnish the music on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

REGULAR ADMISSION, 5 and 10 cents.

We pay the War Tax.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE

Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERITS YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

Do not neglect to call and see our big display of

Bracelet Watches

We have beauties, all good grades, as we carry no cheap ones, so our name will carry a guarantee of Good Quality.

Watches from $17.00 Upwards.

Marriage Licenses.
Wedding Rings.
—at—
F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Woodhouse's celebrated poultry invigorator, animal invigorator, and louse powder, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

ICE

I am in the ice business again this year. Have purchased another ice house and expect to be in a position to supply all demands.

S. CASEY DENISON
CENTRE STREET, NORTH
'Phone 101.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

U. M. WILSON,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

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J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.
Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

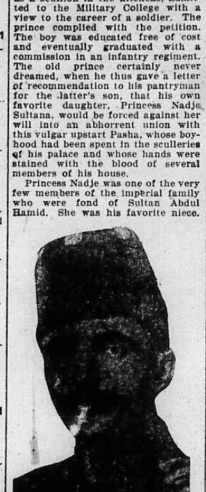
Enver Pasha Began Life As Scullion in Kitchen

He Is Now King of Kurds

THE new monarch of the Kurds, his Majesty Enver I. started life as a scullion in the kitchens of the late Imperial Prince Suleiman Effendi, brother of Abdul Hamid, of Sultan Mahhoud V., and of the present Padishah.

Enver's father through service in the kitchens of the late Prince Suleiman, had risen to the position of pantryman, and for a time was employed to taste a mouthful of every dish set before his imperial master in order to preserve the latter from the danger of poison. Then he was carefully watched, for a brief spell by his master's physician, and if he showed no sign of having been poisoned then old Suleiman felt that he could devour his daily meals with perfect security. One day when the prince was in a particularly good humor his taster took advantage thereof to humbly entreat his master to have his boy, until them employed as a scullion in the kitchens, admitted to the Military College with a view to the career of a soldier. The prince complied with the petition. The boy was educated free of cost and eventually graduated with a commission in an infantry regiment. The old prince certainly never dreamed, when he thus gave a letter of recommendation to his pantryman for the latter's son, that his own favorite daughter, Princess Nadje, Sultana, would be forced against her will into an abhorrent union with this vulgar upstart Pasha, whose boyhood had been spent in the scullieries of his palace and whose hands were stained with the blood of several members of his house.

Princess Nadje was one of the very few members of the imperial family who were fond of Sultan Abdul Hamid. She was his favorite niece.



ENVER PASHA.

He treated her with the utmost consideration and with real affection. She was greatly distressed by his overthrow and deposition, and that she should have been compelled to wed the man of all others who was responsible for her uncle, Abdul Hamid's downfall, was in her eyes an additional indignity.

By the laws of the reigning house of Turkey, the monarch enjoys the right of selecting husbands for the princesses. The late Sultan Mahmoud V., weakened physically and mentally by chronic infirmities allowed himself to be completely dominated and terrorized by Enver. If the princess yielded it was because it was pointed out to her it was only by allying Enver to the dynasty through marriage that he could be prevented from availing himself of his autocracy at Stamboul to supplant the Sultan and the entire reigning house and to proclaim himself as Emperor of the Ottomans. She consented, therefore, to take him as husband in order to preserve the throne of Turkey to the house of Osman.

In 1917 and 1918 the ex-Kaiser pledged himself and the Central Powers to invest Enver with the khediviate of Egypt under Ottoman suzerainty, thus double crossing ex-Khedive Abbas, who had also been encouraged at Berlin to believe that a Teuton victory would mean his restoration to the throne in the land of the Nile.

It was not the Central Powers, but those of the entente, who won the victory, and as soon as Enver realized this and that the game was up, he laid hands on all the contents of the Imperial Ottoman Treasury within his reach and managed to effect his escape to Berlin, carrying with Him, it is said, gold and securities to the amount of over $20,000,000. A demand was addressed by the entente authorities and the new Turkish Government to the ruling junta at Berlin for his immediate arrest and surrender, along with his plunder. But he was warned in time, and vanished. He was finally heard of as organizing an anti-entente movement in the southern Caucasus and along the shores of the Caspian Sea, in conjunction and co-operation with the Bolshevik junta at Moscow.

The creation of a Kurdish kingdom, under Enver, means, not the bringing into existence of a more or less civilized state, with some semblance of law and of order, but the organization of a huge robbers' nest, in an absolutely unrecognizable portion, under the leadership of one of the most utterly unscrupulous and unspeculative scoundrels of our time.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Treat your seed grain for Smut Formildehyde, guaranteed full strength and directions for using at WALLACE'S. Bring your bottle

Colorite for straw hats, at DAVY & ALLISON'S Hardware Store.

MRS VAUGHAN HAS GAINED 17 POUNDS

Was all Run Down After Influenza—Is Well and Happy Now

"I have gained seventeen pounds since I started taking Tanlac and am well and happy now," was the statement made the other day by Mrs. James Vaughan of 128 Erin street, St. John N. B.

"It was about a year ago that I was taken down with a severe case of influenza," she continued, "and for several days I scarcely recognized anybody and my chances of recovery looked slight. But after I did manage to get up you can just imagine what a weakened condition I found myself in. I was so nervous that I would jump if anybody closed the door hard, and headaches would come on me often. My stomach was so upset that nearly everything I ate disagreed with me and I could hardly retain the little I did force myself to eat. I was continually belching up an acid liquid that kept a bad taste in my mouth and I was gradually loosing weight and what little strength I had. I had neuralgia badly in my head and face and the pains felt like nails sticking into me. I could not get much sleep or rest for I would lie awake half the night and would feel so weak that it was hard for me to get about.

"The statements in the papers about Tanlac seemed so sincere that I made up my mind to try it. In all I took four bottles and my recovery has been so complete that I am never troubled in any way any longer. The headaches and nervousness have left me entirely and so has the neuralgia in my head and face. Everything I can say is with me personally and my appetite is so fine that my biggest trouble is trying to satisfy it. I get sound, restful sleep at night and I have been built up so wonderfully that I feel as fine and strong as I ever did before I had the flu. I consider Tanlac the best medicine in the whole world and I am giving this statement because I want others to benefit by my experience."

Tanlac is sold in Napane at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.
(advt)

PLEASANT VALLEY
(For last week)

Mrs. Alfred Waffs and daughter of Kingston, spent a couple of days at Merle Sills' and attended the funeral of Mrs. Jas. Denison on Monday.

Mr. I. L. Sills of Queen's University, Kingston, came home to attend the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. Jas. Denison.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Rankin, Palace road, visited Monday at Mr. W. M. Pringle's.

Mrs. Creighton spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Milford Dupree.

Mrs. Frank Vandebogart spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. E. L. Boyle, Lonn.

Miss Wilson, Newburgh, is visiting her friend Miss Jean Taylor.

Mrs. Dean and Mrs. Estie Smith visited Thursday at Miss Edith Grooms' slash road.

Mr. Wilfred Cline has received his diploma from the Business College and is spending a few days at home.

Brighten up your car this season with Kwick-work or Martin-Senour Auto Enamel. Sold only at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

WILTON

The Wilton cheese factory opened on Monday, April 5th, with a good supply of milk.

Those who are making maple syrup report a good run of the sweet.

On the evening of March 31st a number of friends and neighbors gathered at the home of O. C. Storms to bid farewell to his daughter, Mrs. C. V. Asselstine, and to present her with a purse of money before her departure for her new home in the west. Mrs. Asselstine's many friends deeply regret her departure, she having been promised by all her friends both young and old as she was always a cheerful worker in all benevolent and church societies. All wish her success and happiness in her new home. Mrs. Asselstine left on Monday for Bellevle, Alta., to join Mr. Asselstine who has a position as principal in the high school there.

The school closed on Thursday for the holidays.

Miss Darling is spending her holidays at her home in Moscow.

Miss Leila Simmons is spending the holidays with Miss Moore, Newburgh.

Mac Owens, Kingston, is spending a few days with friends in Wilton.

The Real Story of Porcupine's Riches

An illustrated booklet, telling in an interesting way the real facts about Ontario's great gold producing district, will be sent free on request.

Write for your copy to-day

Homer L. Gibson & Co.
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TORONTO
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Make your old hat look like new Use Hat Brite. All the new shades in stock at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

BATH

Eric Holt has returned to Kingston after spending Easter at his home here.

Miss Ella Shepherd, of Kingston, spent the holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Shephard.

Miss Edith Forester, of Ottawa, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Forester.

The high winds of last week took all of the ice out of the harbor here.

Earl McClelland spent Easter at Fred Amey's.

Miss Mildred Calver, of Kingston, and Dalton Calver, of Napanee, spent Easter under the parental roof.

Robt. Henderson, of Collins Bay spent the week-end with his brother, Frank Henderson.

SWITZERVILLE

The Easter services were very impressive. Short addresses were given by the pastor, and Messrs. C. W. Neville, C. W. Vandervoort, and M. N. Empey. The choir rendered several beautiful anthems.

Mrs. M. F. Wilson, and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Spafford entertained recently.

Mrs. P. E. R. Miles has returned home after visiting in Kingston.

Mrs. W. Paul spent a few days at the home of her mother, Mrs. M. F. Wilson.

Miss Storey is visiting her cousin, Miss Annie Waters.

Miss Etta Lewis is home for the Easter holidays.

Mrs. G. F. Spafford has returned to Cherry Valley after spending some time with Mrs. J. M Spafford.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Parrott spent Sunday at H. J. Faulkner's.

Several new families have moved to the neighborhood, namely, Mr. and Mrs. Coulter, Mr. and Mrs. McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. V. Paul, Mr. and Mrs. Regwell.

NO PETTY GRAFT.

British Law Regarding Bribery In Business.

Any employe who receives a gift from another person as an inducement or reward for showing some special favor in connection with his master's business is liable to a heavy fine and imprisonment, says London Tit-Bits.

Equally severe punishment is meted out to any person who tries to influence an employe with gifts.

The number of convictions under the Prevention of Corruption Act is growing. Often when an employee has been prosecuted the plea has been that he did not see any harm in accepting a gift from a customer of his firm. Ignorance of the law, however, is no excuse.

Furthermore, it should be distinctly understood that a small bribe does not necessarily mean small punishment. In one instance a man offered £1, and was fined £100.

The maximum penalty on conviction is seven years' penal servitude and a fine of £500, where Government or other public contracts are concerned. In other cases, two years' imprisonment with hard labor and a fine of £500. In the police courts a magistrate may order four months' hard labor and a fine of £50.

The present Lord Chief Justice warns employes against their acceptance, and other people against giving presents. If a customer of a firm wishes to give a present to an employe, the safest thing to do is to tell the employee what he proposes to do. And the employee should ask if he may accept the gift.

In his interesting booklet on this subject, Mr. R. M. Leonard points out that there are many forms of business bribery.

"An offer of employment has been the bait in some cases," he says, "and more often a share of profits or a commission on business, including in one instance the offer of 10 per cent. to the honorary secretary of a miniature rifle club on all appliances of a certain kind bought by the members.

"Or the bribe has taken the form of a brace of pheasants offered to an official employed by a local authority; a box of cigars and a case of cutlery to military representatives; blouse lengths to a Government inspector's wife; a joint of meat to a cook. On several occasions a commission has been promised to a head-of-the-house salary, and very frequently a share of any profits to be made on the strength of a betrayal of trade secrets. The acceptance of a suit of clothes from a tailor brought about the downfall of a War Office clerk."

There is no doubt that many tradesmen, although well aware that if discovered they will be ruined, continue the practice of bribery because of the well-founded fear that if they do not do so less scrupulous traders will steal their orders. Bribes are given unwillingly, too, by persons who know that those who demand illegal gifts can bring about a boycott.

"The butcher or the manager of a motor works, for instance, knows that an offended cook or a disappointed chauffeur has opportunities of telling other cooks or chauffeurs that so-and-so is stingy, and the tradesman finds his accounts mysteriously closed.

"A skilful cook," continues Mr. Leonard, "can easily lead his master to think that the meat is poor and tough, or by being wasteful he can run up such a heavy bill that another butcher is tried for economy's sake.

"Similarly, the gardener who is not bribed can see to it that bulbs and seeds turn out badly. Or clean linen can easily be soiled in its passage from the laundry to the chest of drawers."

Just Sitting on Fence.

Adolf Damaschke, a prospective candidate for the Presidency of the German republic, is not identified with any party. He is president of the League of German Land Reformers and has devoted the greater part of his life to land reform movements in Germany, advocating the wildest possible granting of small holdings. He holds the degree of Doctor of Laws from Berlin University and began his career as a schoolmaster and journalist.

Incubators Used 4,000 Years Ago.

Literature written more than 1,000 years ago mentions two breeds of poultry still being raised in China, while incubators now used are the same in principle as those employed in Egypt 4,000 years ago.

STANDARD TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAIN EQUIPMENT THROUGHOUT, INCLUDING NEW ALL-STEEL TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Sun. Mon. Wed. Fri.—Canadian National all the way.
Tues. Thurs. Sat.—Via G.T., T. & N.O., Cochrane thence C. N. Rys.
Tickets and full information from nearest Canadian National Railways' Agent,
or General Passenger Department, Toronto.

Industrial Department Toronto and Winnipeg will furnish full particulars regarding land in Western Canada available for farming or other purposes.

Canadian National Railways

Notice to Farmers!

ENSILAGE

40 to 50 tons of No. 1 Ensilage for sale. Anyone requiring cheap fodder call at office NAPANEE CANNING COMPANY.

DOMINION CANNERIES, Limited.
17-b J. EDGCOMB, Manager.

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We furnish cans and pay express.
Profitable prices promptly paid.
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BEAVER

No 1 EXTRA LARGE Extra to average	No 1 LARGE Extra to average	No 1 MEDIUM Extra to average	No 1 SMALL Extra to average	No 2 Extra to size above
60.00 to 50.00	45.00 to 35.00	32.00 to 28.00	25.00 to 18.00	25.00 to 12.00

MUSKRAT

	No 1	No 2	No 3	No 4
Spring	8.00 to 7.00	6.00 to 5.25	4.50 to 3.75	3.50 to 2.75
Winter	6.50 to 5.50	5.00 to 4.00	3.50 to 2.75	2.50 to 2.00

MINK

	No 1	No 2	No 3	No 4
Fine, Dark	40.00 to 32.00	28.00 to 22.00	20.00 to 16.00	15.00 to 13.00
Usual Color	30.00 to 25.00	20.00 to 17.00	15.00 to 13.00	12.00 to 10.00
Pale	22.00 to 16.00	15.00 to 13.00	12.00 to 10.00	8.00 to 7.00

No 3	No 4
3.50 to 2.75	3.50 to 2.00
2.50 to 2.00	2.50 to 1.50

No 3	No 4
15.00 to 13.00	15.00 to 8.00
12.00 to 10.00	12.00 to 6.00
8.00 to 7.00	8.00 to 4.00

You've got to ship your Furs to a reliable House to get the "most money" for them. "SHUBERT" has been satisfying Fur shippers for "more than a third of a century"—since 1883. That's a record that speaks for itself. Take no risk—"THE SHUBERT GUARANTEE" protects you absolutely—bundle up all the Furs you have on hand and SHIP TO "SHUBERT" TO-DAY.

YOU'LL BE MIGHTY GLAD YOU DID

SHIP ALL YOUR FURS DIRECT TO
A.B. SHUBERT LIMITED
THE LARGEST HOUSE IN THE WORLD DEALING EXCLUSIVELY IN
NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS
324 Donald St. Dept. 331 Winnipeg Canada

Oysters! Oysters! Get the best oysters at **FRANK H. PERRY'S.**

Vaccinate Your Cattle

Parke-Davis fresh black leg vaccine in sealed tubes of 10 pills, $1.00 per tube. Get the new $1.25 injector that never loses a pill. WALLACE'S Drug Store—Mail orders promptly filled.

Muresco is the largest selling preparation for tinting walls and ceilings. Reasons are: It is easy to apply, will not streak or rub off, and it comes in a beautiful variety of colors. 65c. package at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Now is the time for canned vegetables. For caned asparagus tips, whole beets, pumpkin, tomato, peas, corn, and beans, go to H. W. KELLY'S grocery. He has a fresh supply just in.

You can pay a lot more for a good paint, but you'll find none to equal "B. & H." English White, at $1.85 per quart. It has a beautiful gloss and won't turn yellow —sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for the world famous "B. & H." English paints.

Pieces of Eight

Being the Authentic Narrative of a Treasure Discovered in the Bahama Islands in the Year 1903—Now First Given to the Public.

BY

RICHARD LEGALLIENNE

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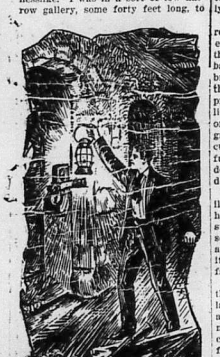
Yes! but imagine my joy! It had come to an end at a low archway rudely cut in the rock. Deep set in the archway was a stout wooden door. My first thought was that I was trapped again, but, to my infinite surprise and gratitude, it proved to be slightly ajar, and a vigorous push sent it grinding back on its hinges. What next? I wondered. At all events, I was no longer lost in the bowels of the earth; step by step, I was coming nearer to the frontiers of humanity.

But I was certainly not prepared for what next met my eyes, as I pushed through the low doorway with my lantern, and looked around. Yes! indeed, man had certainly been here, man, too, very purposeful and businesslike. I was in a sort of low narrow gallery, some forty feet long, to



I Was in a Sort of Low, Narrow Gallery, Some Forty Feet Long.

which the arching rock made a crypt-like ceiling. At my first glance, I saw that there was another door at the far end similar to the one I had entered by; and on the left side of the gallery, built of rough stones from the low ceiling to the floor, was a series of compartments, each with locked wooden door. They were strong and grim looking, and might have been taken for prison cells, or family vaults, or possibly wine bins. The massive locks were red with rust, and there was plainly no possibility of opening them.

On the other side of the gallery there was a litter of old chains, and some boards, probably left over from the doors. Yes, and there were two old flintlock guns, and several cutlasses, all eaten away with rust, also a rough seaman's chest open and falling to pieces. At the sight of that, a wild thought flashed through my brain. What if— Good God! What if this was John Teach's treasury—behind those grim doors. I threw myself with all my force against one and then the other. For the moment I forgot that my paramount business was to escape. But I might as well have hurled myself against the solid rock. And, at that moment, I noticed that the place was darker than it had been. My lantern was going out. In a moment or two I should be in the pitch dark, and I had discovered that the door at the end of the gallery was as solid as the others.

I was to be trapped, after all; and I pictured myself slowly dying there of hunger—the pangs of which I was already beginning to feel—and some one, years hence, finding me there, a moldering skeleton—some one who would break open those doors, uncover those gleaming hoards, and moralize on the irony of my end; condemned to die there of starvation, with the treasure I had so long sought on the other side of those unyielding doors. Old Tom's words suddenly flashed over me, and I could feel my hair literally beginning to rise. "There never was a buried treasure yet that didn't claim its victim." Great God!—and I was to be the ghost, and keep guard in this terrible tomb till the next dead man came along to relieve me of my sentry duty!

Frantically I turned up the wick of my lantern at the thought—but it was no use; it was plainly going out. I examined my match box; I had still a dozen or so matches left. And then my eye fell on that shattered chest. There were those boards, too. At all events I could build a fire and make torches of slivers of wood, so long as the wood lasted.

And then I had an idea. Why not make the fire against the door at the end of the gallery, and so burn my way through. Bravo! My spirits rose at the thought, and I set to at once—splitting some small kindling with my knife. In a few minutes I had quite a sprightly little fire going at the bottom of the door; but I saw that I should have to be extravagant with my wood if the fire was to be effective. However, it was neck or nothing; so I piled on beams and boards till my fire roared like a furnace, and presently I had the joy of seeing it begin to take hold of the door—which, after a short time, began to crackle and splutter in a very cheering fashion.

Whatever lay beyond, it was evident that I should soon be able to break my way through the obstacle, and, indeed, so it proved; for, presently, I used one of the boards as a battering ram, and, to my inexpressible joy, it went crashing through, with a shower of sparks, and it was but the work of a few more minutes before the whole door fell flaming down, and I was able to leap through the doorway into the darkness on the other side.

As I stood there, peering ahead, and holding aloft a burning stick—which proved, however, a poor substitute for my lantern—a wonderful sound smote my ears. I could not believe it, and my knees shook beneath me. It was the sound of the sea.

Yes, it was no illusion. It was the sound that the sea makes singing and echoing through hollow caves—the sound I heard that night as I stood at the moonlit door of Calypso's cavern, and saw that vision which my heart nearly broke to remember. Calypso! Oh Calypso! where was she at this moment? Pray God that she was indeed safe, as her father had said. But I had to will her from my mind, to keep from going mad.

And my poor torch had gone out, having, however, given me light enough to see that the door which I had just burnt through let out onto a narrow platform on the side of a rock that went slanting down into a chasm of blackness, through which, as in a great shell, boomed that murmuring of the sea. It had a perilous ugly look, and it was plain that it would be foolhardy to attempt it at the moment without a light; and my fire was dying down. Besides, I was beginning to feel light-headed and worn out, partly from lack of food, no doubt.

As there was no food to be had, I recalled the old French proverb, "He eats who sleeps"—or something to that effect—and I determined to husband my strength once more with a brief rest. However, as I turned to throw some more wood on my fire—preparing to indulge myself with a little campfire cheerfulness as I dozed off—my eyes fell once more on that grim line of locked doors; and my curiosity, and an idea, made me wakeful again. I had burned down one door—why not another? Why not, indeed?

So I raked over my fire to the family vault nearest to me, and presently had it roaring and licking against the stout door. It was, apparently, not so solid as the gallery door had been. At all events, it kindled more easily, and it was not long before I had the satisfaction of battering that down, too.

As I did so, I caught sight of something in the interior that made me laugh aloud and behave generally like a madman. Of course, I didn't believe my eyes—but they persisted in declaring, nevertheless, that there in front of me was a great iron-bound oaken chest, to begin with. It might not, of course, contain anything but bones—but it might—! The thing was too absurd. I must have fallen asleep —must be already dreaming! But no! I was laboring with all my strength to open it with one of those rusty cutlasses. It was a tough job, but my strength was as the strength of ten, for the old treasure-hunting lust was once more on me, and I had forgotten everything else in the world for the time.

At last, with a great wooden groan, as though its heart were breaking at having to give up its secret at last, it crashed open. I fell on my knees as though I had been struck lightning, for it was literally brimming over with silver and gold pieces—doubloons and pieces of eight; English and French coins, too—guineas and louis d'or; "all"—as Tobias' manuscript had said —"all good money."

For a while I knelt, over it, dazed and blinded, lost; then I slowly plunged my hands into it; and let the pieces pour and pour through them, literally bathing them in gold and silver, as I had read of misers doing.

Then suddenly I broke out into an Irish jig—never having had any notion of doing such a thing before.

In fact I behaved as I have read of men doing, whom a sudden fortune

"All Good Money."

has bereft of reason. For the time, at all events, I was a gibbering madman. Certainly, there was to be no sleep for me that night! But, in the full tide of my frenzy, I suddenly noticed something that brought me up sharp. Out beyond the doorway it was growing light. It was only a dim tremulous suffusion of it, indeed, but it was real daylight—oozing in from somewhere or other—the blessed, blessed, daylight! God be praised!

CHAPTER VIII.

In Which I Understand the Feelings of a Ghost.

So-I surmised, I had been underground a whole day and two nights, and this was the morning of the second day after Calypso's disappearance. What had been happening to her all this time! My flesh crept at the thought, and, with that daylight stealing in like a living presence, and the sound and breath of the sea, my anguish returned a hundredfold.

As I stood on the little rocky platform outside the door through which I had burned my way, and looked down into the glimmering chasm beneath, and heard the fresh voice of the sea huskily rumbling and reverberating about hidden grottoes and channels, all that Calypso was to me came back with the keenness of a sword through my heart. Ah! there was my treasure —as I had known when my eyes first beheld her—compared with which that gold and silver in there, whose gleam had made me momentarily distraught, was but so much dust and ashes. Ardently as I had sought it, what was it compared to one glance of her eyes? What if in the same hour, I had lost my true treasure, and found the false? At the thought, that glittering heap became abhorrent to me, and, without looking back, I sought for some way by which I could descend.

As my eyes grew accustomed to the dim light, I saw that there were some shallow steps cut diagonally in the rock, and down these I had soon made my way, to find myself in a roomy corridor, so much like that in which I had seen Calypso standing in the moonlight, that, for a moment, I dreamed it was the same, and started to run down it, thinking, indeed, that my troubles were over—that in another moment I would emerge through that enchanted door and face the sea.

But alas! instead of a broad shining doorway, and open arms of freedom widespread for me to leap into, I came at last to a mere long narrow slit—through which I could gaze as a man gazes through a prison window at the sky.

The entrance had once been wide and free, but a mass of rock had fallen from above and blocked it up, leaving only a long crack through which the tides passed to and fro.

I was still in my trap; it seemed more terrible than ever, now that I could see freedom so close, her very voice calling to me, singing the morning song of the sea. But in the caverns behind me, I heard another mocking song, and I felt a cold breath on my cheek, for death stood by my side again.

"The treasure!" he whispered, "I need you to guard that. The treasure you have risked all to win—the treasure for which you have bartered your very soul. You cannot escape. Go back and count your gold. 'It is all good money!' Yes! but 'it is all good money!'"

The illusion seemed so real to me that I cried aloud "I will not die! I will not die!"—cried it so loud, that anyone in a passing boat might have heard me, and shuddered, wondering what poor ghost it was wailing among the rocks.

But the fright had done me good, and I nerved myself for another effort. If only I could wriggle past that contraction in the middle, I should be safe. And if I stuck fast midway! But the more I measured the width with my eye, the less the narrowing seemed to be. To be so slightly perceptible, it could hardly be enough to make much difference. Caution whispered that it might be enough to make the difference between life and death. But already my choice of those two august alternatives was so limited as hardly to be called a choice. On the one hand, I could vomit my life out through the caves and tunnels through which I had passed, and try my luck again at the other end.

"With half a dozen matches!" sneered a voice that sounded like Tobias'—"Precisely" . . . and the horror of it was more than I dared face again anyway. So there was nothing for it but this aperture, hardly wider than one of those deep stone slits that stood for windows in a Norman castle. It was my last chance, and I meant to take it like a man.

I stood for a moment nerving myself and taking deep breaths, as though I expected to take but few more. Then, my left arm extended, I entered sidewise, and began to edge myself along. It was easy enough for a yard or two, after which it was plain that it was beginning to narrow. Very slightly indeed, but still a little. However, I could still go on, and—I could still go back. I went on—more slowly it is true, yet still I progressed. But the rock was perceptibly closer to me. I had to struggle harder. It was beginning to hug me—very gently—but it was beginning.

I paused to take breath. I could not turn my head to look back, but I judged that I had come over a third of the way. I was coming up to the waist that I had feared, but I could still go on—very slowly, scarce more than an inch at every effort; yet every inch counted, and I had lots of time. My feet and head were free—which was the main thing. Another good push or two, and I should be at the waist—should know my fate.

I gave the good push or two, and suddenly the arms of the rock were around me. Tight and close, this time, they hugged me. They held me fast, like a rude lover, and would not let me go. My knees and feet were fast, and the walls on each side pressed my cheeks. My head too was fast. I could not move an inch forward—and it was too late to go back!

Panic swept over me. I felt that my hair must be turning white. Presently I ceased to struggle. But the rocks held me in their giant embrace. There was no need for me to do anything. I could go on resting there—it was very comfortable—till—

And then I felt something touching my feet, running away and then touching them again. O God! It was the incoming tide! It would— And then I prepared myself to die. I suppose I was light-headed, with the strain and the lack of food, for, after the first panic, I found myself dreamily, almost luxuriously, making pictures of how brave men had died in the past—brave women too. I fancied myself in one and another situation. But the picture that persisted was that of the Conciergerie during the French revolution.

Then the picture vanished, as I felt the swish of the tide round my ankles. It would soon be up to my knees—

It was up to my knees—it was creeping past them—and it was making that hollow song in the caves behind me that had seemed so kind to me that very morning, the song it had made to Calypso . . . that far-off night under the moon.

I turned my eyes over the sea—I could move them, at all events; how gloriously it was shining out there! And here was I, helpless, with arms extended, as one crucified. I closed my eyes in anguish, and let my body relax; perhaps I dozed, or perhaps I fainted—but, suddenly, what was that that aroused me, summoned me back to life? It seemed a short, sharp sound of ring! I opened my eyes and looked out to sea, and then I gave a great cry:

"Calypso! Calypso!" I cried. "Calypso!" and it seemed as though a giant's strength were in me—that I could rend the rocks apart. I made a mighty effort, and, whether or not my relaxing had made a readjustment of my position, I found that for some reason I could move forward again, and, with one perfunctory wiggle, I had my head through the narrow space. To wrench my shoulders and legs after it was comparatively easy, and, in a moment, I was safe on the outer side, where, as I had surmised, the aperture did widen out again. Within a few moments, I was on the edge of the sea, had dived, and was swimming madly toward—

But let me tell what I had seen, as I hung there, so helpless, in that crevice in the rocks.

* To be Continued

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ATTRACTIVE HAT FOR SPRING

This model, an American fashion, is a fine Italian Milan soft flexible rolled straw. Made in dark shades for spring wear.

ANGORA CLOTH IS POPULAR

Favorite Combination Method Is to Make Skirt of Silk and Trim With Bands.

When satin or knitted silk fabric is combined with angora, a favorite method is to make the skirt of the silk fabric and trim it with one, two or three bands of the angora, the entire coat or scarf to be of the wool fabric. While white and the light bright colors take first place, darker colors are not ignored. One striking costume recently been featured a skirt and scarf of angora in Indian or autumn colorings woven in broad stripes.

Angora cloth is not only warm, but warm looking. It is an ideal fabric for sports apparel. Last season it appeared in the separate scarfs worn with sports or semi-sports suits everywhere during the first full days, before winter furs were donned, and on the golf links throughout the winter. This year it has entered the field of ready-to-wear with a vengeance.

The sport frock that consists of skirt and slipover blouse appears to be the season's favorite. It is being developed in all sorts of attractive silk and wool fabrics for wear at the American winter resorts.

Colored Skirt for Lingerie.

Colored silk is still very much liked for lingerie.

RICH GOWN OF BLACK SATIN

This dress is of black satin, charmingly draped and is given an unusual touch by the curiously patterned silver beading.

BRACELET IS NOW IN VOGUE

Decoration Regarded as Necessary When Short Sleeves Are Worn; Lace-Topped Gloves.

Since Paris persists in making us wear short sleeves, the bracelet has taken on a new lease of life. If these abbreviated sleeves were only for the young and fair, all would be well; but even stately dowagess must, to be in fashion, have their sleeves well above the elbow. And in such cases, even so small a thing as a bracelet helps free one from the consciousness of harsh elbows that have lost the soft charm of youth. So the wide gold bracelets, that have long been in the discard, are being taken out of faded velvet cases, and sent to the jeweler's to be freshened up a bit.

Paris has sent over recently some interesting bracelets in imitation of jade, tortoise shell, ivory and celluloids, all intricately carved to reproduce some good luck charm or god. Coming as they do in so many different colorings they are worn to match the costume.

The quaint little short-topped gloves with a frill of silk or lace of our grandmother's days, are back in style again, and are most effective with an old-fashioned bracelet worn just above.

Museums and art stores are being searched for models of the old Roman armlets of gold and silver, so as to have them copied. Of these the one of Etruscan gold are loveliest. Many of these ancient bracelets do not meet entirely, but show the arm through the open space between the ends. Indian bracelets of beaten silver are made in the same manner, these often being decorated with a single large stone, such as rose quartz, turquoise or garnet.

FASHION'S FANCIES.

The demand for velveteen is great.

Corduroys are much used for negligees.

Curled ostrich dominates in millinery.

The eastern note is dominant in jewels.

The short waist will be greatly favored.

Monkey fur appears on sport costumes.

Turbans appear, worn with eastern robes.

Paris uses color in her undergarments.

The new blouses have large and dashing revers.

Among the advance separate-skirt styles recently seen is noted a circular model of medium width and conservatively short length.

Soft felt hats in vivid colors are one type of sport hat introduced for southern wear and likely to be popular for spring and summer.

It is impossible to predict the popularity of the cape suit for spring, but that it will be worn to a more or less degree is assured by the attractive models that have been introduced.

Accordion plaiting is introduced as the skirt feature in many spring models, both dress and suits; sometimes the entire skirt is accordion plaited, then again the plaits are introduced in the form of panels.

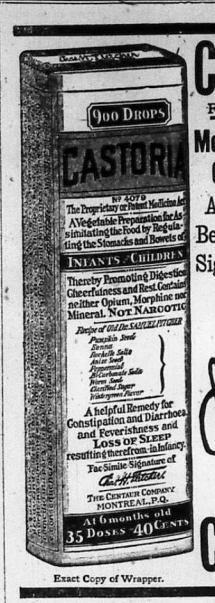
The American woman will wear the splendid tricot corset of American manufacture that meets the requirements of fashion and yet is practical for her figure and the climate and environment in which she lives.

Brooches.

The fashion of wearing brooches has revived, and the jewelers are busy setting precious stones. The new brooch is designed obviously for the purpose of supplying the needed point of light to a dark frock and is especially effective on frocks of black velvet or tulle.

A Velvet and Plush Season.

Both plush and velvet are used for afternoon dresses, and velvet is the material chosen by many of the designers for evening gowns and dinner dresses. Wool daytime dresses come as near as possible to the soft texture of velvet. Duvetyn in decided colors is quite generally used for every sort of dress other than those for afternoon receptions and when something more elaborate than wool materials is demanded.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Housewife in Smaller Towns Better Pleased With Larger Supply of Inexpensive Gowns.

There are two ways of dressing inexpensively. One is to have a good many clothes of cheap material and the other is to have one well-made gown at a time and to wear that on all occasions, until it is worn out. The one-dress method is perhaps preferable for the woman who lives in a large city, for the business woman, or for the traveler. The housewife in a small town will probably do better if she has a good many inexpensive clothes, observes a fashion writer, and so will the young girl who mingles in a society where nobody patronizes an expensive dressmaker and extravagance is not looked on as a virtue.

In a big city, where an economical woman is likely to meet and mingle with persons who have much more to spend on their clothes than she has, the one-dress method has many advantages. In a well-made coat suit a woman is appropriately dressed for church, calling, afternoon card parties, teas, trips to the theater and the restaurant and for shopping. If she possesses a cheap and badly made street suit, in addition to several other dresses, she will never look very well, although she may sometimes feel that a thin silk, no matter how poorly made, is more appropriate than a suit for a card party.

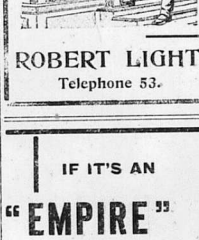
The one frock should be of good material and should be well made. If one is bought each year, a street suit, consisting of coat and skirt and matching waist, can be bought one season—a dark, inconspicuous evening or formal afternoon frock for the next. The suit should be chosen so that it will look well the second year and will look fairly well the third; the frock, remodeled a little, will also serve for two or three years. In a few years the woman who goes on the basis that the one-dress plan is a good one will have a very serviceable and good-looking wardrobe on hand.

The coat suit, when it is to answer many calls, should be of moderately normal proportions. Unusual waistlines, sleeves, yoke and collars should be avoided. The coat should be semi-fitting and the skirt should be neither tight nor loose. Such a suit will never be in the height of fashion, but, provided it is becoming, it will always be distinctive and good looking. It should be of some standard dark color—dark blue, black, or a becoming shade of brown are always inconspicuous. In two years, when you are due to buy another suit, the old one will be ready for knockabout wear, still retaining a style and dignity never possessed by a cheap suit.

The same rules hold good of the evening dress, which can only be renewed every two years. It should be of becoming color and cut, should avoid all extremes and should be of as good material as you can afford.

The one-dress method requires almost perfect fit, and if the clothes are bought ready made and extra payment to have them well fitted is an economy.

Morning frocks and a homemade house dress from time to time supplement the one-dress wardrobe sufficiently.



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USE AIR-TIGHT WALLS

SMALL LEAKS WILL SPOIL THE SILAGE.

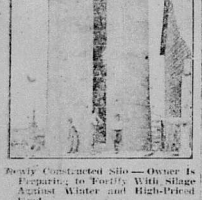
Some Ways of Preventing Heavy Losses — Careful Examination of Silos Followed by Necessary Repairs is a Big Help — Inside Coating to Seal Pores and Prevent Action of Juices on Walls Also Beneficial.

A careful examination of silos, followed by necessary repairs, will help to improve the keeping quality of the contents. According to studies of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, air-tight walls are the chief requirement; in fact, a leak no larger than a small nail hole may spoil several hundred pounds of silage. In case of wood-stave silos the hoops and braces should receive attention to insure close fitting.

Silos made of concrete, brick, or other material of porous or semi-porous nature, are benefited by an inside coating of a preparation which seals the pores and also prevents the action of silage juices on the walls.

The coating mostly commonly used is Iberia coal tar thinned with gasoline and applied with a paint brush. A number of materials of like nature have been considered for this work, but the one showing the most promise is paraffin.

Paraffin may be applied either cold or hot to silo walls. With the cold method the paraffin is dissolved in a volatile carrier like naphtha until a saturated solution is obtained. Four pounds of paraffin dissolved in one-half gallon of gasoline or naphtha will make one gallon of this so-



Newly Constructed Silo — Owner Is Preparing to Fortify With Silage Against Winter and High-Priced Feed.

lution. The solution is then applied much like paint to the surface of the concrete, which it penetrates according to dryness and porosity. One gallon has a covering capacity of about 200 square feet.

The naphtha soon evaporates, leaving the paraffin in the pores. When using the paraffin by this method special care must be taken that there is good ventilation in the silo and that there are no lights or fires near by. Naphtha is very inflammable, and a serious explosion or fire may result from careless use.

Paraffin may also be applied in a melted form. It requires six and one-half pounds of paraffin to make one gallon of the hot paraffin solution. The work should be done on a warm day and the concrete must also be sufficiently warmed by artificial heat so that the paraffin may be thoroughly rubbed in. One gallon will cover about 250 square feet of surface. When this method is followed, a blow torch should be used to warm the walls as the paraffin is being applied, and also to thin and spread the layer of paraffin. Two buckets of paraffin should be used, one to be heating while the other is being applied. The best paraffin treatment is one of the most successful for water-proofing purposes exposed to weather, but it requires some experience to obtain successful results.

When the hot method is used, divide the number of square feet of silo wall to be coated, by 250 to find the required number of gallons. Multiply this result by six and a half to obtain the number of pounds of paraffin required. For example, to find the paraffin required to coat a silo 14 feet in diameter and 30 feet high:

Diameter (14 feet) x 3.1416 equals 43.98 feet, the circumference of the silo.

Height (30 feet) x circumference (43.98 feet) equals 1319.4 square feet, the area.

Area (1319.4 square feet) divided by 250 equals 5.27, or number of gallons required.

Gallons required (5.27) x 6½ equals 34.25 the number of pounds of paraffin required.

In both cases the cost may be estimated from the local price of paraffin and naphtha. It should be remembered, however, that these figures will vary with local conditions.

FIGHT SMUT AND SCAB

Treat Wheat, Oat and Potato Seed Before Planting.

A Dilution of Formalin or Formaldehyde Recommended, by Immersion or Sprinkling — Corrosive Sublimate Also Used for Potato Scab.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

GREAT losses frequently occur through the prevalence of smuts in the grain crops. Numerous experiments have been conducted in the Field Husbandry Department at the College in years past in making a practical application of the treatments recommended for killing the smut in grain. As the result of six years' experiments with five treatments with wheat and seven treatments with oats it was found that very complete work was obtained by immersing the grain for twenty minutes in a solution made by mixing one pint of formalin of forty per cent. formaldehyde in forty-two gallons of water.

In preparing wheat for treatment care should be taken to separate the broken smut balls from the wheat, either by cleaning the grain or by placing the seed in water and removing the smut balls as they float on the surface. Not only is it necessary to treat the grain but the formalin solution should be used to kill the smut spores which are lodged in the bins, on the barn floors, on the bags, in the grain drills or wherever the living spores have an opportunity of again coming in contact with the grain.

The immersion process is so complete in its results that it does not need fo be repeated every year, providing care is exercised to prevent a further introduction of the smut spores.

The sprinkling process was also used in the test, and this method is followed by some farmers. It needs to be conducted with great care, however, or the smut will not all be destroyed, and as a result it is frequently necessary to treat the grain every year. One of the best sprinkling methods is to carefully moisten twenty-five bushels of wheat or of oats and by shovelling the grain over on a barn floor when it is being sprinkled with a mixture of one pint of formalin and from fifteen to twenty-one gallons of water. When the grain is uniformly moistened it should be covered with bags or blankets for three or four hours and then spread out to dry. Varying quantities should be treated proportionately.—Dr. C. A. Zavitz, O. A. College, Guelph.

Control the Potato Scab.

For seed select smooth, sound potatoes, as free as possible from scab, and disinfect by soaking them before they are cut for two hours in a solution made by adding half a pint of commercial formalin to 15 gallons of water. A couple of barrels with plugs in the sides near the bottom can be used to advantage in treating the seed. The potatoes can be placed directly in the solution or first put in gunnies or coarse sacks and then immersed.

After treatment spread the potatoes out on a clean floor or on the grass to dry. Wash all crates, bags, etc., which are used in handling the potatoes with the formalin solution. The same formalin solution can be used to treat successive lots of potatoes. Fifteen gallons is sufficient to treat from 20 to 25 bushels if ordinary precautions are taken not to waste too much of the fluid as each lot of tubers is dipped. If the potatoes are not all treated the same day it is advisable to make up fresh formalin for each day's work.

Corrosive sublimate (mercuric chloride) can be used also to treat potatoes to prevent scab. Soak the uncut tubers for three hours in a solution of two ounces of corrosive sublimate to 25 gallons of water. Corrosive sublimate is a deadly poison, and potatoes treated with it are rendered unfit for food for man or beast.

Formalin is a clear liquid disinfectant. It is a 40% solution of formaldehyde gas and water. It can be purchased from almost any druggist. It is sold under the names of formalin and formaldehyde. It is important that the purchaser, whatever name he buys it under, secured a guaranteed solution of 40% formaldehyde. The stock solution should always be kept in a well-corked bottle, and should not be allowed to freeze.

It is possible plant the treated seed potatoes on clean soil, that is soil that has not produced a crop of scabby potatoes. Practice a rotation of crops. If scab is very bad it is not advisable to plant potatoes on the same land oftener than once in five years. Heavy applications of barnyard manure should not be made to the potato crop, but if necessary given at some other point in the rotation. Plant potatoes after clover sod if possible. Avoid alkali fertilizers such as lime and wood ashes.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Planting the Cultivated Crops.

To ensure good crops of carrots, mangles, sugar beets, potatoes and corn, the land should be well prepared and seed should be secured of the highest quality. Under average conditions the Irish Cobbler variety (early potatoes) and the Green Mountain (late potatoes) are recommended for Ontario. To secure best results with the potato crop, it is always better to plant them not later than the 15th of May. This year plant half your seed ten days earlier than you have been accustomed to doing, and plant the other half at the usual time. The experiment will prove to your satisfaction the value of early planting. If the potato planter and sprayer has not already been overhauled, a rainy day may be very profitably employed in this work.

Dairy Breeding Hints.

It is believed that the best methods of maintaining and improving the dairy herd is to ascertain by weighing and testing the milk of the good cows. Discard those that after a fair trial prove to be surely unprofitable, and raise heifer calves from the very best of the profitable cows, particularly those of good constitution, using pure-bred sires strong in the blood of good producers. The importance of pure-bred sires having ancestry of good milking strain is sometimes overlooked, but results have shown that the sire is of as much, if not of more importance that the dam.

A MENACE TO THE NATION

The most important matter now before the people of this country at large is fair pay for school teachers.

Ten years ago when widespread agitation to this end first developed, the average teacher got a paid little more than a living. Meantime living costs have almost doubled and while wages in nearly every other field have nearly kept pace, the teacher's pay envelope shows the least chgnfiid progress and is to-day a shameful reflection on our patriotism and our economic literacy, says the Philadelphia North American.

In cold figures the pay of American school teachers, including superintendents, principals, and departmental heads, now averages $52.50 a month.

These figures speak for themselves, but for thoughtful persons they sound a warning. Because of them the teachers in this and every other community are campaigning for a competence, those who can spare time from extra work to which they are driven to make earnings provide food, clothing and shelter.

Scores of teachers here, thousands elsewhere, have been compelled to overwork after school at night. Other scores here and nearly 200,000 throughout the country have within two years given up the struggle and entered fields where a lower grade of service, less frequently-built and more free time fetch from two to five times as much pay.

Facts and figures of this kind have been so freely told to make it idle of late that we fear that a wrong notion may have rooted in the mass mind.

We think people have come to view this solely as a fight on the part of the teachers for more pay. In its outward and visible sign it is. And as a matter of simple justice it should bring prompt recognition of an obvious right.

But those who see it as nothing more than a concerted effort on the part of faithful public employees to share in the working of the old law that the labourer is worthy of his hire are so blind to its inward and spiritual meaning that unless the scales soon fall from their eyes, there will come an awakening to the most serious situation ever faced by the public.

For this is not a fight for teachers, but the biggest battle ever waged on behalf of our children. It is not an effort decently to pay a group of invaluable workers for the public good, but to fortify the future against forces which would ask nothing better than that conditions should continue.

The fact of it involves it much more money a month or a year is merely incidental to the proposition that it deals fundamentally with our very existence as a free and progressive people.

The public school is the very bed rock upon which our whole structure of government rests. It is the source and the safeguard of that tool, by and for the people, which has stamped our character of National existence and changed the world trend of social and political ideals. Shall we permit this basic asset to become a liability by letting it pass into the hands of incompetent, inexperienced guides at a time when the need for enlightened leadership is more imperative than ever before?

A Fight for the Children

That is the issue involved. It is no longer a question whether we shall pay school teachers enough to live on, but whether we shall offer salaries sufficient to command the kind of men and women who can properly train the next generation and those who come after. Here at home and in every state and nation under the flag we are weakening our national foundation by starving the teacher's pay envelope to such an extent that our children are being taught by a force at least 40 per cent inefficient from the standpoint of mental preparedness and equally lacking in inspiring personality.

The situation was bad enough before the war. Gradually the teaching force was loosing that character and capacity which had built our school system into a great bulwark of faith in our ideals. Then came the unprecedented demand for emergency service and thousands of competent teachers reconsidered their views of life and of paying vocations. The nation needed their service. Many vacancies thus created could not be filled and in the autumn of 1918 the Federal Commissioner of Education issued an urgent plea to the people to save the public schools from being shut to pieces.

Most of the places taken were filled with inexperienced young men and women, but under ordinary circumstances would not have been considered. The net result is that our most vital institution to-day is on the verge of mental and spiritual bankruptcy.

The real teachers who remain know this and fear it as the greatest existing menace to democracy. They are the leaders in this battle for the children—not because they want more money, but for going on sacrificing for another decade, but because they are seeing with their own eyes the terrible and costly consequences of such national blindness.

They could and would skimp along without complaint if that would help matters. But they are unwilling to be parties to such a course when they know that it can lead only to destruction.

They see how our public school system is sagging because people haven't waked to the fact that competent teachers can't be secured on a starvation basis of pay.

A public that demands four to eight years' training beyond the elementary schools for dentists and veterinary surgeons must know the incomparably greater importance of a properly trained teaching force. It is past "getting-up" time for this public. It is past time asking where the needed money is to come from.

The money necessary to insure the maintainance of our public schools on the plane that has made them our first line of defence must be forthcoming in just the way the war billions came,—without complaint or questioning

CLOTHES TO WEAR

Apparel Which is Becoming to Some, Not to Others.

Do Not Follow Fashion Too Closely in Skirt Lengths, Advises Fashion Writer.

Don't wear a skirt with drapery of long fringe that suggests the Hawaiian grass skirt, advises a fashion writer in the Buffalo Express. Now there are some overplump women who have a fondness amounting almost to a passion for a fringe. They are convinced that it is one of the things that make them look slender. Well, it may sometimes, but remember that the long fringe about the hips and thighs has a way of undulating as you walk. It accentuates every other contour. Campaigning for a competence, those who can spare time from extra work to which they are driven to make earnings provide food, clothing and shelter.

Scores of teachers here, thousands elsewhere, have been compelled to overwork after school at night. Other scores here and nearly 200,000 throughout the country have within two years given up the struggle and entered fields where a lower grade of service, less frequent-built and more free time fetch from two to five times as much pay.

Facts and figures of this kind have been so freely told to make it idle of late that we fear that a wrong notion may have rooted in the mass mind.

We think people have come to view this solely as a fight on the part of the teachers for more pay. In its outward and visible sign it is. And as a matter of simple justice it should bring prompt recognition of an obvious right.

But those who see it as nothing more than a concerted effort on the part of faithful public employees to share in the working of the old law that the labourer is worthy of his hire are so blind to its inward and spiritual meaning that unless the scales soon fall from their eyes, there will come an awakening to the most serious situation ever faced by the public.

For this is not a fight for teachers, but the biggest battle ever waged on behalf of our children. It is not an effort decently to pay a group of invaluable workers for the public good, but to fortify the future against forces which would ask nothing better than that conditions should continue.

The fact of it involves it much more money a month or a year is merely incidental to the proposition that it deals fundamentally with our very existence as a free and progressive people.

The public school is the very bed rock upon which our whole structure of government rests. It is the source and the safeguard of that tool, by and for the people, which has stamped our character of National existence and changed the world trend of social and political ideals. Shall we permit this basic asset to become a liability by letting it pass into the hands of incompetent, inexperienced guides at a time when the need for enlightened leadership is more imperative than ever before?

A Fight for the Children

That is the issue involved. It is no longer a question whether we shall pay school teachers enough to live on, but whether we shall offer salaries sufficient to command the kind of men and women who can properly train the next generation and those who come after. Here at home and in every state and nation under the flag we are weakening our national foundation by starving the teacher's pay envelope to such an extent that our children are being taught by a force at least 40 per cent inefficient from the standpoint of mental preparedness and equally lacking in inspiring personality.

The situation was bad enough before the war. Gradually the teaching force was loosing that character and capacity which had built our school system into a great bulwark of faith in our ideals. Then came the unprecedented demand for emergency service and thousands of competent teachers reconsidered their views of life and of paying vocations. The nation needed their service. Many vacancies thus created could not be filled and in the autumn of 1918 the Federal Commissioner of Education issued an urgent plea to the people to save the public schools from being shut to pieces.

Most of the places taken were filled with inexperienced young men and women, but under ordinary circumstances would not have been considered. The net result is that our most vital institution to-day is on the verge of mental and spiritual bankruptcy.

The real teachers who remain know this and fear it as the greatest existing menace to democracy. They are the leaders in this battle for the children—not because they want more money, but for going on sacrificing for another decade, but because they are seeing with their own eyes the terrible and costly consequences of such national blindness.

They could and would skimp along without complaint if that would help matters. But they are unwilling to be parties to such a course when they know that it can lead only to destruction.

They see how our public school system is sagging because people haven't waked to the fact that competent teachers can't be secured on a starvation basis of pay.

A public that demands four to eight years' training beyond the elementary schools for dentists and veterinary surgeons must know the incomparably greater importance of a properly trained teaching force. It is past "getting-up" time for this public. It is past time asking where the needed money is to come from.

The money necessary to insure the maintainance of our public schools on the plane that has made them our first line of defence must be forthcoming in just the way the war billions came,—without complaint or questioning

WOMEN LIKE KITCHEN APRONS

Useful Article is Welcome Present on Any Occasion—Must Suit Recipient's Youth.

Do you know the housewife welcomes kitchen aprons as gifts? Indeed, she does! Also, remember that the modern housewife is not satisfied with a merely gingham apron—it must have a touch that proves its recent invention and the wearer's youth! Oh, of course, she must have a few severely plain aprons for work which is not deserving of a pretty apron, but she has those. You can give her the other kind—they are more "gifty" looking and are just as useful.

A blue chambray apron would be most attractive if it were made with a bib which extends round the back and buttons in back with a round collar effect. The belt is very wide—wide enough to give the effect of a bodice. A few running stitches of yellow, beige and purple worsted will finish the seams colorfully and you might add a little design directly upon the front of the bib.

An apron made of pale violet chambray would be most attractive with a piping of purple and white striped percale.

Checked ginghams make up very attractively if you happen to get the kind of check which is large enough to have an air of veritable smartness. A blue-checked apron with bindings of blue, or a red-checked apron with bindings of red would equally delight the housewife.

Try giving this sort of apron in place of the fancy little white ones you used to give and which were hardly ornamental to a frock and certainly not protective.

Hindenburg's Writings.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg bids fair to become a millionaire from his writings, according to the new Berlin Gazette. It is reported that he has sold some of his war books in America for £12,000, which, at present exchange, would amount to about 2,000,000 marks.

Dye That Skirt, Coat or Blouse

"Diamond Dyes" Make Old, Shabby, Faded Apparel Just Like New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, draperies,—everything!

A Direction Book is in package.

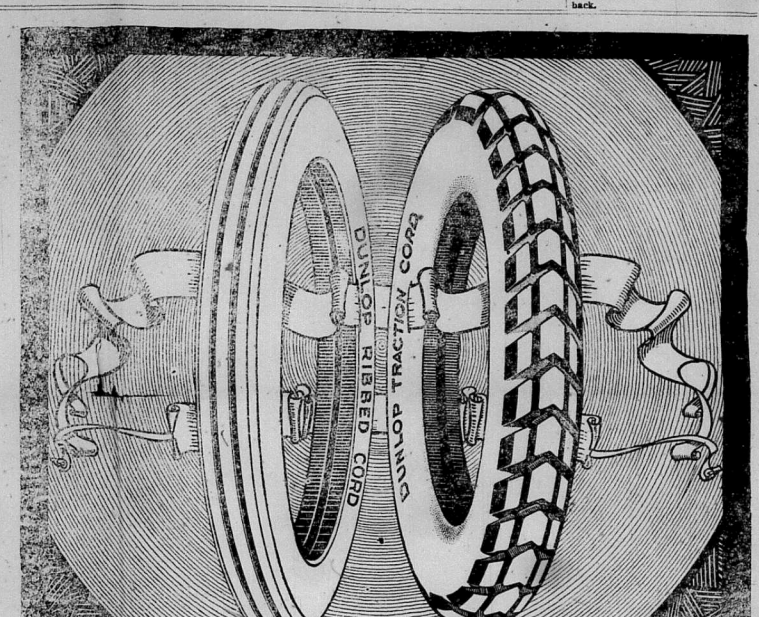
To match any material, have dealer show you *"Diamond Dye"* Color Card.

Belts to Be Worn.

Following their introduction in plain, conservative styles, belts designed to be worn by women with their coats or suits are now being developed in most novel patterns. Besides a variety of leathers and imitation leathers, stitching in different colors is used to add to the attraction of these articles. Designs are also worked out by cutting the facing. Belts of the sort described are found on the majority of coats and suits selling to the popular priced trade, and during the coming spring at least there is promised more of a vogue for belts for women than for men.

Fetching Dance Frock.

A smart dance frock recently seen was of pale pink taffeta with the drapery at either side of the skirt arranged in a sort of jabot effect, the taffeta being so caught in as to reveal a petticoat of silver lace. The bodice was of the silver lace over the taffeta. A single panel sash finished the frock at the back.



DUNLOP

CORD TIRES

IF YOU had the time to note the tire equipment on automobiles these days, you would believe, as we do, that

1920 IS A DUNLOP YEAR

¶ The ascendancy that shows on our sales record, naturally tallies with the "road" record.

¶ You may not know where rubber comes from, but after a purchase you'll soon know that it goes into Dunlop Tires.

¶ Try "Traction" or "Ribbed." The verdict on these two exceedingly popular tires is

1. That the Quality Never Varies.
2. That the Mileage Keeps Adding Up.
3. That the General Serviceability is Matchless.

STOCKED BY LEADING GARAGES AND TIRE DEALERS

DUNLOP THE UNIVERSE OVER—THE WORLD'S GREATEST RUBBER ORGANIZATION

Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

Head Office and Factories TORONTO

BRANCHES IN THE LEADING CITIES

A 139

INVINCIBLE RUBBER BOOTS

Buy them from

WEISS BROS.,
NAPANEE and TRENTON

The Cripple and the Crutch.

As a cripple depends on the crutch—so your eyes are dependant on the glasses.—A crutch of many kinds may assist a cripple, but you certainly will injure your precious eyesight by using any makeshift glass that may appear to be a relief. Be sure you are wearing the correct lens for each eye.—You run the chance of a misfit by having your eyes examined by H. E. SMITH, the eyesight specialist.—Only the best approved styles of glasses prescribed. We have always given attention to fitting Oculists' prescriptions.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

AN EASTER SUGGESTION

Take a tip from the nimble-footed rabbit and refuse to have your feet shod with stiff foot-tiring leather. That which we use is pliable, resilient, but wear-resisting to a high degree. We charge no more for selected material than others do for common grade. Acquire that "Spring step" these Spring days.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Callouses or Pain There

are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burns; great and little toe joints enlarge and a cramplike pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's
Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practipedist—a man who knows all about foot troubles and who knows how to make bad feet wear and comfortable. Examination and advice free. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Wallace's drug store sells 4 lbs. cattle salts 25c., 4 lbs. sulphur 25c., Alderika $1.40, Vinol $1.00, large bar imported castile soap 45c., pure turpentine 50c. pint, Rikers Syrup Tar and Cod Liver Oil 50c. bottle, large bottle castor oil for greasing 35c., Parke Davis blackleg pills $1.00 bottle, new electric louse powder 40c. lb., Howard's Emulsion 35c., 60c., and $1.00, genuine aspirin in sealed tubes 25c per tube. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S.

Baseball Mitts, Gloves, Masks and Bats at BOYLE & SON.

Mr. W. J. Jewell is remodelling the store recently purchased by Mr. Garrett Neely.

Maple Leaf Paint, in all shades. Floglaze for all purposes, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

The regular monthly meeting of the I.O.D.E. will be held in their rooms Monday, April 12th, at 3.30 o'clock.

Mr. Chas. Vanalstine has sold his cartage business to Mr. Hugh Brown who will carry on the business.

Chorus of fifty voices in the Mikado at the Armouries, on Monday and Tuesday evenings, April 12th and 13th.

The regular meeting of the Hospital Aid wil be held Tuesday, April 13th, from 2 till 5 p.m., in the council room.

Have you tried Lindman Apple Jely in tins or Wagstaffe pure strawberry or raspberry jam. You can get it at Kelly's.

The Adolphustown Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. C. F. Allison on Wednesday afternon, April 14th.

Mrs. William Geverist, of Enterprise, who has been under treatment in the Kingston General Hospital for the past five weeks, underwent a very serious operation on Tuesday, and is doing as well as can be expected.

The funeral of the late Peter Davis Richmond township, was held from his late residence on Sunday morning last. Services were conducted in the Holiness Movement Church at Roblin, at 10 o'clock, by Rev. Wilson, assisted by Rev. Howard. The church was packed to the doors by his relatives and many acquaintances. At the conclusion of the services the remains were brought to Napanee and placed in Riverside cemetery vault to await interment later.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. Mary Magdalene Church was of great importance, the occasion being very unique. Three life members were added to our branch of this diocese : Mrs. Irwin, of Selby, and our vicar's wife, Mrs. Coleman, and one of our charter members, Mrs. Geo. Hawley. Needless to say the ladies were delighted with the honor conferred upon them. Through the untiring effort of Mrs. W. S. Herrington the ladies of the congregation responded freely to Mrs. Coleman's and Mrs. Hawley's life membership.

The Bishop of Ontario, Dr. Bidwell, conducted the three hours' service, in St. Mary Magdalene's church on Good Friday, and his addresses on the "Seven Words" were very helpful and devotional. The Easter services were very bright, and attended by large congregations, the number of communicants being above the average for Easter Day. The choir was specialy strong and rendered the musical portions of the service beautifully. The altar was adorned with very graceful lilies. The annual Vestry Meeting was held pro formy on Monday and adjourned to next Monday at 8 p.m.

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BIRTHS

Exley—At Kingston General Hospital, on Friday, April 2nd, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Exley, Napanee, a son.

Pearson—At Napanee, on Monday March 22nd, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pearson, a daughter.

Pearson—At Belleville, on February 5th, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. Morley Pearson, twins, a girl and boy.

Yorke—At Tamworth, on Monday, March 22nd, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. Russell Yorke, nee Grace Pearson, formerly of Napanee, a son—Harry Gordon.

—o—

DEATHS

Perry—At Chicago, on Monday, April 5th, 1920, Mary Alberta Perry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Perry, aged 19 years, 5 months and 17 days.

VanKoughnett—At 205 Sherbourne street, Toronto, on Monday, April 5th, 1920, Harvey VanKoughnett, formerly of Napanee.

In loving memory of Mrs. Minnie Buck, who departed this life April 3rd, 1918.

"Dear is the grave where our
Minnie is laid,
Sweet is the memory that never
will fade ;
Flowers may wither, leaves fade
and die,
Others forget, but never will we.
—Mother and Family.

—o—

Hear the three little maids, at the Armouries, Monday and Tuesday evenings, April 12th and 13th.

—o—

Damages Aplenty.

A lawyer tells of a visit he received from a Mrs. Delehanty, accompanied by Mr. Delhanty, the day after Mrs. Delehanty and a Mrs. Cassidy had indulged in a little differences of opinion.

When he had listened to the recital of Mrs. Delehanty's troubles the lawyer said:

"You want to get damages, I suppose?"

"Damages! Damages!" came in shrill tones from Mrs. Delehanty. "Damages! No, indeed, I've got damages enough. What I want is satisfaction."

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

FULL STOCK OF

Flour and Feeds, etc. A car of Salt on hand. We are headquarters for

Cream Separators

Call and see them and get our prices.

600 lb. capacity, $69.50.
500 lb. capacity, $74.50.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager

10tf

Sunset dye—all colors, at WALLACE'S.

PERSONALS

Mr. W. B. Cronk, of London, Ont., is in town for a few days.

Mrs. W. B. Cronk was in Belleville last Wednesday.

Miss Dot Conger is home from Montreal for a short holiday.

Mrs. F. H. Carson was down from Toronto for Easter.

Mr. J. B. Allison spent Easter in Toronto.

Mr. Stanley Norris, Port Hope, spent Easter with his father, Mr. William Norris.

Mr. H. B. McCabe, Oshawa, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard McCabe for Easter.

Miss Lillian Madden left on Friday to resume her position in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schamehorn, Oshawa, were guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Schamehorn for Easter.

Mr. Clarence Lowry, Oshawa, spent the holidays with friends in Napanee.

The Misses Tierney, Toronto, spent the week end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Tierney.

Mrs. Robert Reid underwent a serious operation in Kingston General Hospital on Saturday last and is progressing favorably.

Mr. Geo. H. McMagher, of "Meacher's," Belleville, spent Easter Sunday in town with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meagher.

Mr. R. P. Lochead, Tara, Ont., spent Easter with his mother at Centreville.

Mr. C. M. Vanalstine, St. Catherines, spent Easter with relatives in Napanee.

Miss Olive Walsh, Kingston, spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Walsh

Mr. Fenwick Solmes was home from Toronto for Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Robertson, Kingston, were guests of her sister, Mrs. Pruyn for Easter.

Master Reginald Webb, Toronto, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Corkill spent the holidays with friends in Harrison.

Miss Leah Judson was up from Kingston to spend Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Judson

Mrs. Saul, Tweed, spent a few days in Napanee last week.

Mr. J. Fred Tilley, Toronto, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington for the week end.

Miss Dorothy Robinson is home from Toronto spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Robison.

Master Harold Herrington is home from Toronto for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Vine are visiting their daughter in Peterborough.

Mr. Archie McLean, Lime Lake, is visiting his sister in Toronto.

Mr. Rev. A. L. Howard, Avonmore, is the guest of Mrs. C. I. Maybee.

Mr. Harry Loucks, of Toronto, spent his Easter holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Loucks, Robert street.

Mr. W. D. M. Shorey, Toronto, spent Easter with his mother at Newburgh.

Mr. E. R. Checkley, Manager of the Merchants Bank, is taking a three weeks' holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Scott spent Easter with her parents in Cornwall.

Mrs. Dr. Foster, Renfrew, spent Easter with her mother, Mrs. Robt. Webster.

Mr. Harold Bartlett, Rochester, N. Y., is in town for a few days.

Miss Lorma Wilson was the guest of Mrs. C. H. Boyes, Kingston, while attending the wedding of her cousin, Miss Thelma Carroll.

Mr. Fred R. Todd, Hamilton, spent the week-end the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson.

Mr. Douglas Doller is in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, having an operation on his throat.

Miss Tucker left for Toronto on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Walsh.

Mr. McKenzie, of Hooper's drug store, spent the week-end at Gravenhurst.

Mr. Harry and Miss Evelyn Gleeson were home from Toronto for the week-end.

Mr. Will Shirley, Wheeling, Va., is the guest of his mother, for a few days.

Mr. Hary Loucks left for Detroit Sunday night where he has a position.

Rev. A. H. Coleman spent Easter in Kingston.

Mrs. Geo. Knox spent Wednesday in Kingston.

Mr. F. G. J. Cottle was here from Toronto to spend Easter with his family.

Master Arthur Miller was home from Brockville for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. D. Vanalstine left on Thursday for McGee, Sask., where they will spend the summer.

Mr. Graham Fraser Dexter, N. Y., spent the holidays with friends in Napanee.

Mrs. R. A. Portt, Shannonville, spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Gallagher, Dorland.

Mr. Harold Anderson was in Toronto a few days last week.

Miss Sarah Carroll, Hamilton, and Miss Irene Sullivan, Chicago, are visiting their relatives at Bath for a couple of months.

Mrs. Alfred Watts and daughter of Kingston, spent a few days last week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills, Richmond.

Miss Ida Amey is spending a month with friends in Montreal.

Mrs. John Kelly and Miss Mable Kelly, Gananoque, are guests of Mrs. H. W. Kelly for ten days, on their return from spending the winter in Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. Addison Scott and Miss Scott have removed from their farm on the slash road and are living on the corner of Centre and Bridge streets.

—o—

Wear Ever Aluminum in all the leading lines, just in at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

New Shipments of Spring House Furnishings To Hand

"Home-makers" will be delighted to know that our Spring Stocks of House Furnishings have arrived in time for Spring decorating.

While there is a certain amount of hard labor attached to this semi-annual event, yet to every enthusiastic keeper of house the re-changing of the home is a joyous pastime because every new addition adds just that much more comfort, which in turn brings happiness.

AMERICAN VOILE AND MARQUISETTE CURTAINS

Are procurable in the two popular shades of Ecru and Ivory. They are trimmed with either self material, lace or insertion, while some curtains feature a combination of both. **Others** have dainty handmade **Inserts** beautifully inserted in the centre while the outside edges are lace trimmed. The designs in general show a marked improvement over previous seasons.

The prices are **$3.25, $3.50, $3.75, $5.00, $5.50, $5.75, $6.75, $6.95, $7.50 per pair.**

Also procurable in an extensive array of patterns and colorings are :—

American and French Shadow Cloths. Bungalow Nets.
Scotch Filet Nets. Casement Cloths.
Colored and Plain Marquisettes

To use in beautifying and decorating your home whether you live in town or country.

MAKING YOUR OWN CURTAINS AT HOME

To those who prefer to make up their own curtains, we would particularly call their attention to our stock of Filet Nets—one of the most popular materials in use. The patterns are exclusive and the material is very serviceable. The colors are Ivory and White, 36, 40, 45, and 50 inches wide. The prices are **60, 75, 90 cents, $1.00, $1.25, and $1.50 per yard.** American Voile and Marquisettes were very popular with us last seasoin and we expect an increased sale this year—36 and 38 inches wide, White and Ivory colors. The most of them have fancy trimming on each side which is very effective while others are trimmed with lace and hemstitching on one side. The prices are **30, 40, 60, 75, 85 cents and $1.00.**

CHILDREN'S TWO-PIECE PLAY SUITS

Something New—Something Original—This is an all cotton Jersey suit the weight being a little heavier than the cotton Jersey. The jersey is very similar to the ordinary jersey only it buttons at the shoulder. The pants are sewed to a waist and forms one piece. Thus each garment can be worn separately if so desired. The colors are plain Navy, plain Brown, Plain Saxe Sizes 3, 4, 5. Price **$1.50 a suit.**

BOYS' WOOL JERSEYS—The ideal garment for early spring wear. We have just placed in stock the most beautiful range of Jerseys for boys that we have ever carried. They are a pure wool Worsted and the colorings are all that can be desired. No. 1 line—Navy body with two wide and three narrow green stripes. No. 2 line—Navy body with 7 inch band of yellow. Instead of buttoning at the shoulder these sweaters have the dome fasteners. Ask to see them. Sizes 22, 24, 26, **$3.00 ;** 28, 30, 32, **$3.25.**

BOYS COTTON JERSEYS—It will soon be time for the boys to wear cotton jerseys and you will find us well prepared to meet your requirements. We are handling the Zimmerknit Jersey which is the best. The colors are plain Navy, plain White, Navy with assorted trims, Grey trimmed with Navy, Grey trimmed with Cardinal, Khaki trimmed with Navy, Grey trimmed with Cardinal, Khaki trimmed with Orange. The latter is a new combination this year and is going to be a big seller. Sizes from 22 to 32. Priced at **50c. each.**

THE NEW SILK SKIRTINGS

Exquisite colorings and rich designs, illustrating the latest style ideas in stripe and plaid effects.

Couldn't you be happy in one of the new stylish skirt lengths. For the coming season we are showing a charming selection of individual silk skirt lengths in the newest stripe and plaid effects. A separate skirt always forms a pleasing addition to the spring wardrobe. What is your favourite color combination. The colorings are so harmonious you will have no difficulty in making a selection. One striking pattern is illustrated with a black ground, having a four inch stripe in beautiful tones of Japan blue and gold, 2½ yards in length, priced at **$12.50.**

Then there is a trio of stripe designs in blue, purple and Saxe grounds, with 2 inch stripe in attractive oriental shades, priced at **$7.50** per skirt length. One other length comes in combination colors of Navy, Green and Black, in plaid effect, priced at **$15.00 per length.** Then there are others, but you must see them. Just another thing to remember—no two skirts alike.

These fashionable skirt lengths will be on display in our Dress Goods Department commencing Friday—Make your selections early.

KAYSER SILK GLOVES

IN ALL THE NEW SHADES FOR SPRING

Kayser Silk Gloves are recognized everywhere for their artistic design, the quality of materials used in their making, and are the best fitting finger tipped gloves made. Every pair of gloves is sold with a guarantee. Look in the hem you will find the name Kayser. Shades for spring are Navy, Grey, Mastic, Sand, Brown, White, Black, with fancy or self embroidered points. Priced at **$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 a pair.**

THE NEW LEATHER BELT

The "School Strap" leather belt, ½ inch in width, is the novelty of the moment. These are to be had in grained leathers with pipings of patent, all patent, and imitation leather, **50 cents, 75 cents, $1.00 each.** On sale in the Neckwear Department.

BONNERWORTH SUPER FLOSS 35 CENTS A BALL

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SHADES NOW IN STOCK

Super Floss has a delightful soft finish and elastic quality which one chooses for the knitting of sweater coats and pullovers. New Art Knitting Books with instructions for crocheting or knitting sweaters at **25 cents each** now in stock.

WHEN YOU BUY A PAIR OF OVERALLS

You want a garment **first** of all that will give you absolute comfort no matter what position you have to be in while at work. **Secondly,** a garment that will give the most wear possible, and **thirdly,** a garment that will be as presentable as possible for a workman.

WHEN YOU BUY LEATHER LABEL GARMENTS FROM THE ROBINSON CO you get all these three points guaranteed. If a pair of our Overalls prove unsatisfactory, let us know and we will refund your money. Sizes 32 to 42 at **$3.00** a pair. Sizes 44,—48 at **$3.25.** Other makes at **$2.00** and **$2.50** a pair.

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS